

ໄຄທີເນສຈາກແບບທີ່ເຮັດວຽກ
ໄຄທີເນສຈາກແບບທີ່ເຮັດວຽກ



นายສັຫຼຸງ ຖຸດັ່ນ

ວິທຍານິພນ໌ນີ້ເປັນສ່ວນໜຶ່ງຂອງການສຶກສາຕາມໜັດສູດປະລິມູນວິທຍາຄາສຕຽນທານັ້ນທີ່

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**CHITINASE FROM THERMOTOLERANT BACTERIA: ENZYME
CHARACTERIZATION AND GENE CLONING**

Mr. Sanya Kudan

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ໄດ້ທ່ານການແຍກແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກສາຍພັນຖ້ວ່າ SK-1 ທີ່ສາມາຮັດພົດໃກທິເນສາກຕິນໃນຈັງຫວັດອ່າງທອງ SK-1 ເຈົ້າໄດ້ທີ່ອຸປະກຸມີຕັ້ງແຕ່ 30 ລຶ້ງ 60 °C (ມີອຸປະກຸມີທີ່ເໝາະສົມເປັນ 50 °C) ເຈົ້າໄດ້ໃນອາຫານທີ່ມີຄ່າ pH ດັ່ງແຕ່ 3 ລຶ້ງ 10 (ມີຄ່າ pH ທີ່ເໝາະສົມເປັນ 7.5) ແລະເຈົ້າໄດ້ໃນອາຫານທີ່ມີເກລືອໂໂຄດີຍຄລອໄຣຕີ່ຕັ້ງແຕ່ 0 ລຶ້ງ 10% (ມີຄວາມເຂັ້ມງັນທີ່ເໝາະສົມເປັນ 1%) ເນື່ອອາຫັນ ສົມບັດບາງປະກາດທາງກາຍກາພແລະທາງຊົວເຄມີ ເຊັ່ນ ກາຮສ້າງເອນໂຄສປອຣ ກາຣມີ peritrichous figella ແລະກາເປົ່າຍເປົ່າຍຕົ້ນເບັນໃນ 16S rRNA ພົນວ່າເປັນແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກໃນຈິນັດ *Bacillus* ທີ່ມີຂໍ້ວ່າ *Bacillus licheniformis* ໂດຍທີ່ແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກນີ້ສາມາຮັດພົດເອນໄຊມີໄດ້ນາກທີ່ສຸດໃນໃໝ່ Log phase ຂອງການເຈົ້າໄດ້ໃນອາຫານເລີ່ມເຊື້ອທີ່ມີ 0.02% colloidal chitin ກວະທີ່ເໝາະສົມໃນການຜົດເອນໄຊມີຄ້ອງເລີ່ມແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກໃນ 0.08% CCMM, pH 7.5 ທີ່ອຸປະກຸມີ 50 °C ແລະພົດເອນໄຊມີໄດ້ທີ່ອຸປະກຸມີຕັ້ງແຕ່ 30 ລຶ້ງ 50 °C ໃນເອນໄຊມີທ່ານປະກອບດ້ວຍເອນໄຊມີສອງຫຼັດຄື້ອງໄກທິເນສ ແລະໄກໂທໄນເອສ ກວະທີ່ອາຫານໄຊມີທ່ານປະກອບດ້ວຍເອນໄຊມີທີ່ໄດ້ຈາກນໍາເລີ່ມແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກມີຄ່າ pH ແລະອຸປະກຸມີເປັນ 6.0 ແລະ 60 °C ໂດຍທີ່ເອນໄຊມີສາມາຮັດຍ່ອຍ regenerated chitin ໄດ້ຄື້ອງສຸດ ກາຣີກາຢາພົດກັນທີ່ໄດ້ຈາກກາຍຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ດ້ວຍເອນໄຊມີ ໂດຍ HPLC ພົນວ່າເອນໄຊມີທ່ານສາມາຮັດຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ໄດ້ N-acetylglucosamine, ແລະ N, N'-diacetyl chitobiose ເປັນສ່ວນໃຫຍ່ ລັງຈາກວິເຄາະທີ່ດ້ວຍວິທີ SDS-PAGE ໂດຍທ່ານກາຍຂົ້ນແອກຕົວດີຂອງເອນໄຊມີເປົ່າຍເປົ່າຍຕົ້ນແບນຂອງໂປຣຕິນທີ່ໄດ້ ພົນວ່າມີໂປຣຕິນທີ່ມີໄກທິເນສແອກຕົວດີຂອງບ່ານນ້ອຍ 8 ແລະທີ່ມີນໍ້າຫັນກົມເຄຸກຕັ້ງແຕ່ 20 ລຶ້ງ 72 ກີໂໂລຄາລຕົນ

ມີ່ອທ່າໄກທິເນສໄຫວ່າບຸກທີ່ນີ້ບາງສ່ວນດ້ວຍວິທີກາຮັດຊັບແບນຈໍາແພະດ້ວຍຄອດລອຍຕັລ ໄກທິນແລະຄອດັນນ' DEAE ແລະນໍາໄປສຶກຍາສົມບັດຂອງໄກທິເນສທີ່ບຸກທີ່ນີ້ໃຫ້ຈາກ DEAE peak2 ມີຄ່າ pI ເທົ່າກັນ 4.62 ແລະສາມາຮັດຍ້ອນຕົດສື່ອມໄກທິເນສໃນ SDS-PAGE ໄດ້ທັງໝາດ 3 ແລ້ວ ຜົ່ງມີນໍ້າຫັນກົມເຄຸກປະມາມ 72, 70 ແລະ 58 ກີໂໂລຄາລຕົນ pH ແລະອຸປະກຸມີໃນການເຮັດວຽກວິທີ 5 ແລະ 55 °C ເອນໄຊມີເສດຖານໃໝ່ pH 6-8 ແລະທີ່ອຸປະກຸມີ 40-50 °C ເອນໄຊມີມີຄ່າ K_m ແລະຄ່າ V_{max} ຂອງເອນໄຊມີທ່ານທີ່ອ່ານຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ເປັນ 0.23 ມີລິຄິກັນຕ່ອມມິລິຄິດິຕີ ແລະ 7.03 ຢູນືດ້ວມມິລິຄິກັນ

ຈາກການທ່ານການໂຄລນແບນ Shotgun ຂອງຫົ່ນໂຄຣ ໂນໂໂມນອລື່ດີເລື່ອຂອງ *B. licheniformis* SK-1 ທີ່ດັດແບນໄມ່ສົມບຽບ໌ດ້ວຍ PstI ລັງທ່ານການຄັດເລື້ອກໄປແລ້ວ 5,000 ໂໂໂລນີ ໄນພົບໂຄລນທີ່ໃຫ້ພົນວັນນາອາຫານເພິ່ງທີ່ມີ colloidal chitin ຈຶ່ງໄດ້ທ່ານການເປີ່ມຍ່າວິທີໂຄລນໂດຍໃຊ້ວິທີເພີ່ມຈໍານວນຫົ່ນຍືນໄກທິເນສດ້ວຍວິທີ PCR ໂດຍໃຊ້ໄພຣມອຣທີ່ເຂົາພະຕ່ອຍືນໄກທິເນສຂອງແບກທີ່ເຮັດວຽກໃນກຸລຸນ *Bacillus* ອື່ນ BP-F ແລະ BP-R ແລ້ວໂຄລນເຂົ້າສູ່ pGEM-T easy ທ່ານການຄັດເລື້ອກນາອາຫານເພິ່ງທີ່ມີ colloidal chitin ພົນໂຄຣນີທີ່ໄໝໃນສົນອາຫານເພິ່ງທີ່ມີພລາສົມີຄ່າ pH 7.5 ເຊັ່ນ mSent ຂາດ 2 ກີໂໂລເບສ, pSKChi66 ພລາສົມີຄ່າ pSKChi66 ມີ 1 ORF ທີ່ມີຂາດ 1,797 ຄູ່ເບສ ຜົ່ງແປລເປັນຮັດໂປຣຕິນທີ່ປະກອບດ້ວຍກະໂຄມີໃນ 598 ດ້ວຍທີ່ມີນໍ້າຫັນກົມເຄຸກ 66 ກີໂໂລຄາລຕົນ ແລະມີຄ່າ pI ເທົ່າກັນ 5.02 ລຳກັນຂອງກະໂຄມີໃນທີ່ໄໝມີຄວາມຄ້າຍກີ່ນັ້ນດ້ານຂອງກະໂຄມີໃນຂອງໄກທິເນສຈາກ *B. subtilis* ແລະ *B. licheniformis* 84% ເອນໄຊມີທີ່ໄດ້ຈາກ pSKChi66 ມີຄ່າ pH ແລະອຸປະກຸມີທີ່ເໝາະສົມຕ່ອກການເຮັດວຽກວິທີ 5 ແລະ 60 °C ໂດຍທີ່ເອນໄຊມີສາມາຮັດຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ໄດ້ຄື້ອງສຸດ ກາຣີກາຢາພົດກັນທີ່ຂອງກາຍຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ດ້ວຍເອນໄຊມີ ໂດຍ HPLC ພົນວ່າເອນໄຊມີທ່ານສາມາຮັດຍ່ອຍ colloidal chitin ໄດ້ N, N'-diacetyl chitobiose ເປັນສ່ວນໃຫຍ່ ໄກທິເນສທີ່ໄດ້ຈາກ pSKChi66 ສາມາຮັດຍ້ອນຕົດສື່ອມໃນ SDS-PAGE ໄດ້ທັງໝາດ 3 ແລ້ວ ຜົ່ງມີນໍ້າຫັນກົມເຄຸກປະມາມ 70, 65 ແລະ 58 ກີໂໂລຄາລຕົນ

ລັກສູດ ຊົວເຄມີ ລາຍມື້ອໍ້ອື່ນສິຕື ສ່າງຕໍ່ນ
ສາຂາວິຊາ ຊົວເຄມີ ລາຍມື້ອໍ້ອື່ອາຈານຍໍທີ່ປັບປຸງ
ປຶກກາສຶກຍາ 2544 ລາຍມື້ອໍ້ອື່ອາຈານຍໍທີ່ປັບປຸງຮ່ວມ

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KEY WORD: CHITINASE / THERMOTOLERANT / CHARACTERIZATION / CLONING

SANYA KUDAN: CHITINASE FROM THERMOTOLERANT BACTERIA: ENZYME
CHARACTERIZATION AND GENE CLONING HESIS ADVISOR: RATH
PICHYANKURA, Ph. D., 148 pp. ISBN 974-17-0624-3.

Thermotolerant bacteria isolate, SK-1, which produced high extracellular chitinase activity, was isolated from soil in Anghong Province, Thailand. Optimum for growth for SK-1 in LB medium was at pH 7.5 and at 50 °C. SK-1 can also grow in medium containing NaCl from 0 to 10% (optimum, 1% NaCl). The properties of the isolate, such as the formation of endospore, having peritrichous flagella, and the partial 16S ribosomal RNA sequence, indicated that it belongs to *Bacillus licheniformis*. The enzyme production from *B. licheniformis* SK-1, in 0.02% colloidal chitin minimum medium, was found during log phase. The optimum for enzyme production from *B. licheniformis* SK-1 was cultured in 0.08%CCMM, pH 7.5 at 50 °C. Crude enzyme contains at least 2 activities, a high activity chitinase, and chitobiase. The optimum pH and temperature of crude enzyme was 6.0/60 °C. *B. licheniformis* SK-1 chitinase can hydrolyze regenerated chitin the best followed by, colloidal chitin, powdered chitin, partially N-acetylated chitin, chitosan, and flaked chitin, respectively. Products from this enzyme, analyzed by HPLC, a mixture of N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) and chitobiose (GlcNAc)₂. SDS-PAGE analysis of crude enzyme from culture medium from *B. licheniformis* SK-1 following by activity staining, using glycol chitin as substrate, eight chitinolytic activity bands were observed with molecular weight ranging from 20 to 72 kDa.

Chitinase was partially purified from the culture medium of *B. licheniformis* SK-1 by colloidal chitin affinity adsorption followed by DEAE-cellulose column chromatography. The partial purified enzyme showed a single protein band on native polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The isoelectric point of the major component in the partial purified chitinase was 4.62. The partial purified chitinase showed a major band with MW 72 kDa and 2 minor bands with MW 58, 70 kDa on SDS-PAGE, respectively. The partial purified chitinase revealed two activity optima at pH is 6 and 8 when colloidal chitin was used as substrate and was stable in pH 6-8. The partial purified enzyme exhibited a broad activity temperatures ranging between 40 to 70 °C, with optimum at 55 °C and retained 94%, 83 and 22% activity after heat at 40, 50 and 60 °C for 12 hrs, respectively. The K_m and V_{max} of the partial purified chitinase was 0.23 mg colloidal chitin ml⁻¹ and 7.03 U mg⁻¹.

Shotgun cloning of the *PstI* partially cut genomic DNA of *B. licheniformis* SK-1 was investigated. After screening 5,000 transformants, no positive clones were found. Then the full-length chitinase gene was amplified using primers, specific for *Bacillus* chitinase gene, BP-F and BP-R. The positive clone was screened on CCMM. The positive clone contained a plasmid with 2-kb insert fragment, pSKChi66. The plasmid pSKChi66 had one open reading of 1,797 bp which encoded a polypeptide of 598 amino acid residues, corresponding to a 66 kDa protein with an isoelectric point 5.02. The amino acid comparison indicated Chi66 is 84% similar to chitinase from *B. subtilis* TP-1 and chitinase from *B. licheniformis*. Crude chitinase from pSKChi66 was characterized. The optimum pH and temperature was pH 5.0 and 60 °C. Crude enzyme hydrolyzed colloidal chitin the best followed by powdered chitin, PNAC, flaked chitin, chitosan and regenerated chitin, respectively. Determination of hydrolytic products by HPLC, found a N-N'-diacetylchitobiose from colloidal chitin. SDS-PAGE analysis of chitinolytic enzyme from culture medium from recombinant clone showed three bands of protein with chitinase activity. The molecular weights were approximately 70, 65 and 58 kDa, which is similar with crude and partial purified enzyme from *B. licheniformis* SK-1.

Department.... Biochemistry... Student's signature..... 

Field of study..Biochemistry... Advisor's signature..... 

Academic year... 2001..... Co-advisor's signature.....

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

A	Absorbance
bp	Base pair(s)
BSA	Bovine serum albumin
°C	Degree of Celcius
CC	Colloidal chitin
CCMM	Colloidal chitin minimum medium
CS	Chitosan
CFU	Colony forming unit(s)
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic acid
et al.	Et. Alii (latin), and others
etc.	Et cetera (latin), other things
g	Gram(s)
GlcNAc	N-acetyl-glucosamine
(GlcNAc) ₂	N,N'-diacetyl-chitobiose
FC	Flaked chitin
hr	Hour(s)
HPLC	High Performance Liquid Chromatography
i.e.	id est (latin), that is
kb	Kilobase(s)
kDa	Kilodalton(s)
kΩ	Kiloohm
kv	Kilovolt
LB	Luria-Bertani medium
l	Litre
M	Molar
mg/ml	Miligram per mililitre
min	Minute(s)
ml	Mililitre
mg	Miligram
mU	Miliunit
MW	Molecular weight
(NH ₄) ₂ S ₂ O ₈	Ammonium persulfate
ng	Nanogram
μg	Microgram
μl	Microlitre
ORF	Open reading frame
ORI	Origin of replication
PAGE	Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis
PC	Powdered chitin
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction
PNAC	Partially N-acetylated chitin
RC	Regenerated chitin
RNase	Ribonuclease
rpm	Revolution per minute
rRNA	Ribosomal ribonucleic acid
SD	Shine-Dalgarno sequence
SDS	Sodium dodecyl sulfate

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS (Continued)

sec	Second
sp.	Specie
spp.	Species
TEMED	N,N',N'',N'''-Tetramethylenediamine
UV	Ultaviolet
v/v	Volume per volume
w/v	Weight per volume
X-gal	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-galactopyranoside