#### References

- The National Energy Policy Organization. Handbook of the energy conservation plan, direction, criteria, condition, and the priority of the payment of the energy conservation fund. Bangkok, 1996. p1.
- The Department of the Energy Development and Promotion, Energy Conservation
   Fund. Brochure of the energy conservation in state building project: High
   Efficency Electrical Equipment for Energy Conservation of Government.

   1998, (Mimeographed) pp1-2.
- 3. The Department of Energy Development and Promotion and The Federation of Thailand Industries. Contract to be an Implementing Agency for the Energy Audit Management, Contract for Hiring the Energy Audit Consultant, Contract to be an Implementing Agency for the Energy Conservation Improvement, Contract for hiring Energy Conservation Contractor. 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, (Mimeographed) Appendix pp 1-4
- 4. Energy Conservation Center of Thailand. **Executive Summary Report**, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999. (Mimeographed), pp 2-1 2-3.
- 5. Energy Conservation Improvement in State Building. Progress report of the Energy Audit Management, Energy Audit, Management of the Energy Conservation Improvement, Controlling of the Energy Conservation Improvement, Implement of the Energy Conservation Improvement. 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999, (Mimeographed).
- 6. Harold Kerzem. Project Management, A System to Planing, Scheduling and Controlling, 5<sup>th</sup>. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, 1995.

- The Department of Energy Development and Promotion. Term of Reference of the Energy Audit in Sftate Building (Mimeographed) pp1-6.
- 8. The Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation, The Department of Energy Develoment, Misnistry of Science Technology and Environment, Energy Conservation in Building B11. 4 th edition, 1998. pp 33-37.
- Technic of the Energy Management in Building . Energy Journal 8<sup>th</sup> Year Vol. 42
   July to September, 1991 pp 50-52
- 10. Energy Conservation Service Branch, Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation, The Department of Energy Development and Promotion. The Regulation of Controled Building Follow through the Act of the Energy Conservation 1995, 1995, pp 5-6
- A Technical Assistance Program of the Office of Energy, Bureau for Science and Technology, United States Agency for International Development. A Report of the Energy Conservation Services Program, Industrial Energy Auditing Manual. Washington, DC: Hagler, Bailly and Company, August 1984. pp1-1 – 1-3.
- AEEMTRC: ASEAB-EC Energy Management Training and Research Center.
   Energy Efficiency and Conservation in ASEAN. Country Report, Indonesia.
   1997. p20.
- 13. The Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation, The Department of Energy Develoment, Misnistry of Science Technology and Environment Handbook of the Energy Conservation for Controlled Building as the act of the Energy Conservation 1992 A5. p 8.

- 14. Azmi Kaya, Ph.D.,P.E. Department of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Akron, Akron, Ohio, USA and E.G. Bailey Training Center Staff. Energy Management in Industry. Bailey Controls Company, 1989. p1.1.1
- Department of Energy Development and Promotion (DEDP), Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment (MOSTE). Energy Conservation Promotion Act B.E.2535. Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation, 1992. p9.
- Songsri Pitiyarat, Monta Puawilai, Sorachai Pisanbut, Suchada Kiranan. Principle
   of Statistic. Bangkok: Chulalongkorn Ukniversity, 1994. pp 271-274.
- 17. Energy Conservation Service Branch, Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation, The Department of Energy Development and Promotion.

  Regulation as the Act of Energy Conservation 1992 (about the principle method and timeline for the controlled building owner for target and plan setting) A4. 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 1993 pp 13-15.
- Document sheet from module. Competitive Design Management. Engineering Business Management Course. Chulalongkom University/University of Warwick, 1997.
- 19. Mayuree Srichai. Fundamental Statistics. 2th edition. VJ Printing, 2536. p 52.
- Rawewan Shinatrakul. Educational Research Methodology 2th edition Pappim Press. Bangkok, 1995.

# APPENDIX STANDARD FORMAT OF THE ENERGY AUDIT FOR ENERGY CONSERVATION IN STATE BUILDING

dvance P	•	15.00%		Retention	5.00%		Interest	10.00%	
A Phylog	Belgi T	Rund '	型电解	Pencer (#)			4	WAT -	FACTOR F
Transition and		(mmb)	Operating	Termion 1	1	Profit			
less than	50000.00	3	10.00%	0.50%	2.98%	18.50%	1.31975	7.96%	1.42480
~ =	1 00000.00	.3	8.00%	0.50%	2.90%	17.50%	1.28900	7.96%	1.39160
	300000.00	3	6.50%	0.50%	2.83%	16.00%	1.25825	7.96%	1.35841
-	500000.00	GH 22	6.50%	0.50%	2.67%	13.00%	1.22667	7.96%	1.32431
	800000.00	5	6.50%	0.50%	2.56%	12.00%	1.21558	7.96%	1.31234
	1000000.00	6	6.50%	0.50%	2.45%	11.00%	1.20450	7.96%	1.30038
	2000000.00	8	6.00%	0.50%	2.18%	10.50%	1.19175	7.96%	1.28661
	5000000.00	12	6.00%	0.50%	1.90%	9.50%	1.17900	7.96%	1.27285
	10000000.00	15	6.00%	0.50%	1.63%	8.50%	1.16625	7.96%	1.25908
	20000000.00	16	5.00%	0.50%	1.52%	8.50%	1.15517	7.96%	1.24712
	40000000.00	17	5.00%	0.50%	1.41%	7.50%	1.14408	7.96%	1.23515
	60000000.00	18	4.30%	0.50%	1.31%	7.50%	1.13608	7.96%	1.22651
	100000000.00	20	4.00%	0.50%	1.12%	7.00%	1.12621	7.96%	1.21585
	150000000.00	22	3.50%	0.50%	0.93%	6.50%	1.11429	7.96%	1.20299
	200000000.00	24	3.50%	0.50%	0.76%	6.50%	1.11263	7.96%	1.20119
	250000000.00	26	3.50%	0.50%	0.60%	6.50%	1.11096	7.96%	1.19939
	300000000.00	30	3.50%	0.50%	0.26%	6.50%	1.10763	7.96%	1.19579
	400000000.00	36	3.50%	0.50%	-0.24%	6.50%	1.10263	7.96%	1.19039
	500000000.00	36	3.40%	0.50%	-0.24%	6.50%	1.10160	7.96%	1.18929
nore than	500000000.00	36	3.30%	0.50%	-0.24%	6.50%	1.10058	7.96%	1.18818
f the budge	et is between the step	in the tab	le,use the int	apolation to a	alculate the	Factor F			
Bodget	2000000.00	bate	Pactor F	1.28661					
Budget	1000000.00	haht	Pactor P	1.30038					
Badget		baht	Pactor P	1 30038-1/	-1000000	/(2000000-	1000000)]x(1	30038-1-2	8661)

Lifetime of Egipment for calculating EIRR	
	Year
Reflector Luminary	10
2. Reflector	10
3 Compact Fluorescent (10,000) hours	
7-8 hours/day operating	5*
10-12 hours/day operating	r
16 hours/day operating	3-
24 hours/day opening	2
Audrescent (6,000 hours )	
7-8 hours/day operating	4*
10-12 hours/day operating	3.
16 hours/day openjiang	2*
24 hoursklay operting	1*
Bectronics ballasi t	20
Low wall loss bailast	20
Air conditioner	15
Electronics thermostar	5
insulation/Ceramic coating	15
0 Film	15

Mistake number 4										
Lumen p	Lumen per lamp of the high efficiency type									
using in the Easylux Program (program for										
calculating the illumination in the room)										
18 watt	warm white	1350 lumen								
32 watt	warm white	3350 lumen								
18 watt	white	1350 lumen								
36 watt	white	3350 lumen								
18 watt	day light	1300 lumen								
36 watt	day light	3250 lumen								

Capacity		ι	IJ				Т		}	A		
as	(Btu/hr)				(Ցև/հւ)					(Bb	n(µL)	
the specification	Size	Вы	Watt	EER	Size	Bbu	Watt	EER	Size	Bbu	Watt	EE
12000-13000	12000	12095	1129	10.71	13000	12963	1163	11.14	12500	12857	1171	10.9
16100-16600	18000	17913	1550	11.55					⊉ 16000 ₺	17048	1591	10.7
18000-20000	20000	21417	1886	11.35	19000	18734	1733	10.8	18000	18236	1713	10.6
24000-25000	25000	26061	2359	11.04	25000	23958	2093	11.44	- 25000	24997	2278	10.9
28000	30000	30034	2975	10.1	30000	28712	2622	10.95	28000 %	27264	2830	9.6
32000-34000									32000	30944	3220	9.6
36000-38000	36000	34471	3500	9.85	36000	34400	3535	9.73	36000	35119	3562	9.8
42000-44000	42000	43345	4495	9.64					2000	41145	4263	9.6
	48000	45734	4627	9.88	48000	48778	4952	9.85	52000	50400	5250	9.6
	11								56000	55792	5640	9.8
	1			1	60000	56905	5747	9.9	2 50000	58752	6120	9.6
	+			1					\$ 62000	60808	6186	9.8

#### References of the Energy Audit Report The revised report should use the blue cover and the white hoop for report and send to ECCT 2 times. . First time, send 2 draft reports (after approved by ECCT) 2. Second time, sent 4 final reports (after approved by DEDP) The sequence in each section ection 1 The Energy Audit Report LOGO 1. Ry page and Cover Letter of acception by building owner Bureau of Energy Conservation and Regulation 3. Letter of approval by auditor Department of Energy Development and Promotion Ministry of Science, Technology, and Environment 6 Bill of quantity (BOQ) 7. Abstract 8. Contents 9. Chapter 1-5 10. Appendix A data from auditing 11. Appendix B OTTV and RTTV calculation LOGO 12. Appendix C data for controlled building 13. Appendix D data for government or state-owned building Energy Conservation Center of Thailand Implenmenting Agency (Use the same cover as the energy audit report but use the \*Appendix E and F \* instead of \* Energy Audit Report) 14 Appendix E iso-lux calculation 15 Appendix F Input of OTTV and RTTV Mistake nunber 10. figm the name of the engineer with the Engineering Energy Conservation Improvment Drawing (use A3 paper only and combine the before and after improvement ucence number at least 2 sets in the final energy rvation improvement drawings as form of drawing Excluding the A3 Drawing of the lux calculation) Diskett 2 sets ( 1 set means energy audit report, energy conservation improvement drawing, and appendix) LOGO & NAME Mistake number 6 Mistake number 8 Company...Auditor.... The sequence of the Energy Conservation 1. The replacement should consider ceiling system. Mr.....Electrical Engineering Licence number... Improvement Drawing wer supply, finishing, and satisfaction of the user Mr.....Mechanical Engineering Licence number. 1 Cover and Cy page 2. If the improving is complex the detail drawing should 2 Index sheet of the existing drawing how in the energy conservation improvement drawing 3 Existing drawing of all electrical equipment 3. The drawing must show the refrigirant line between 4 Existing drawing of all air conditioning equipment FCU - CDU Building Name 5 Index sheet of the after improving drawing 5 After improving drawing of improved electrical Floor 7 After improving drawing of improved air conditioning equipment Mistaka number 7 3 After improving drawing of film, insulation, and System The cover of the energy conservation improvment eramic coating drawing should be written as this form Date No. of Revision Paper Size Mistake number 9 Energy Conservation Improving Drawing

- 1. The system are existing or after improving air conditioning, existing or after improving electrical system.
- 2. Show the number of room and type of ceiling in room in the bottom of the energy conservation improvemnet drawing. If room number 101 is the concrete ceiling, it shows 101 (C) in the bottom of drawing

Energy Conservation in Government or State-owned Building Project Building...

Address....

Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation Department of Energy Development and Promotion Ministry of Science, Technology, and Environment Draftman Reviser From Page

#### References of the Energy Audit Report

distake 12	system symbol								······································		
BALLAST		SIZE		MOUNTING		CEILING		COVER		REFLECTOR	
SYMBOL	def "	SYMBOL def SYMBOL def		SYMBOL def "		SYMBOL def "		SYMBOL	def <sup>^</sup>		
М	Magnetic	0	1×18		Surface Surface		Gypsum Boord	-	Bare	-	non reflector
D	Low Watt	e	2x18	#	Hanging	ĭ	T-Bar	С	Clear	R	reflector
н	High Power		3x18		Recess	F	Floor/Concrete	S	Stiple		
E	Electronics	<b>a</b>	4x18	<b>E</b> 3	new fixture		Wood	0	Opal		
$\neq$	only ballast		1x36			Α	Asbestos Cement	L	Louver		
	replacement		2×36					Р	Prismatic		
			3×36					В	Fish Bona		
	•		4×38								
		0	32 W		4.						
		88	Incancescentwett								
		0	compact FI.								

Mistake 11 Table of air ∞	Mistake 11 Table of air conditioning system symbol								
symbol	description								
С	Fancoil Unit Celling Type								
	Fancoil Unit Standing Type								
	Fancoll Unit wall Type								
	Window Type								
0	Condensing Unit								
	Package Type								
О в	Birnetal Thermostat								
O T	Electronics Thermostat								
Сн	Chiller								
	Three Phase								
> xxxxxx Btu	New Capacity								

Mistake number 13

1. Use Ms Word or Ms Excel with font Cordia

UPC and appropriate size in A4 Paper for report making.

2. Use Autocad Release 14 for Energy

Conservation Improvement Drawing

## **Energy Audit Report**

**Energy Conservation in Government or State-owned Building** 

Mistake number 14
The scale in energy conservation
improvement drawing is used for the frame obuilding only excluding the symbol of
equipment

(Contract number ..../99)

Mistake number 15

The contract number between ECCT and DEDP

**Building Name** 

#### Submitted to

Bureau of Energy Regulation and Conservation

Department of Energy Development and Promotion

Ministry of Science, Technology, and Environment

By

**Energy Conservation Center of Thailand** 

Co-operate with

9

# Acception Letter

# Energy Conservation Plan

ECCT is an Implementing Agency of	DEDP to revise the	potential of the energ
conservation in the government or state-owned	building. ECCT cod	operates with
found that the low efficiency in the building as	the enclosure.	
Hereinafterbuilding name	accepts the	list of energy
conservation equipment and ready to join in the	e installation phase	
	Name	•••••
	Signature	()
	Title	

- 1. General data
- 1.1 Using area
- 1.2 Electrical energy consumption and cost per unit
- 1.3 Proportional of the energy using in each system
- 1.4 Average EER (Btu.hr/watt) before and after improving
- 1.5 Air conditioning system index (Btu.hr/m)
- 1.6 The illumination before and after improving
- 1.7 Average electrical index (Watt/m)
- 1.8 OTTV, RTTV, and input of OTTV and RTTV.
- 1.9 Number of equipment in air conditioning system conforms to the energy using and saving
- 1.10 Number of equipment in lighting system conforms to the energy using and saving
- 2. Energy conservation plan for air conditioning and lighting system
- 2.1 Saving, average electrical cost, percent of saving, number of improved equipment
- 2.2 EIRR
- 2.3 Cost of investment as median price
- 2.4 Factor F calculation
- 3. Bill of quantity
- 3.1 Check the number and median price of new equipment (material cost , labor cost, finishing cost , miscelleneous cost

This report was already approved as the item 1, 2, and 3.

Reviser	
	()
Title	
Reviser 2	,
	()
Title	

This is the letter confirms that ECCT already check these item

before send the report to the

Development and Promotion

Department of Energy

- 1. General data
- 1.1 Using area
- 1.2 Electrical energy consumption and cost per unit
- 1.3 Proportional of the energy using in each system
- 1.4 Average EER (Btu.hr/watt) before and after improving
- 1.5 Air conditioning system index (Btu.hr/m)
- 1.6 The illumination before and after improving
- 1.7 Average electrical index (Watt/m)
- 1.8 OTTV, RTTV, and input of OTTV and RTTV.
- 1.9 Number of equipment in air conditioning system conforms to the energy using and saving
- 1.10 Number of equipment in lighting system conforms to the energy using and saving
- 2. Energy conservation plan for air conditioning and lighting system
- 2.1 Saving, average electrical cost, percent of saving, number of improved equipment
- 22 FIRR
- 2.3 Cost of investment as median price
- 2.4 Factor F calculation
- 3. Bill of quantity
- 3.1 Check the number and median price of new equipment (material cost, labor cost, finishing cost, miscelleneous cost

This report was already approved as the item 1, 2, and 3.

Kevisei i	
	()
Title	
Reviser 2	
	()
Γitle	

This is the letter confirms that consultant company already check these item before send the report to the Energy Conservation Center of Thailand

Technical	Data				
Energy us	sing area	••••••		m <sup>2</sup>	This page is the
Air condit	ioning area	•••••		m <sup>2</sup>	conclussion about the
Energy co	onsumption			kWħ/year	enegy index of each
Average (	electrical energy cost		••••	baht per unit	system in the building
proportion	n of the energy using in each system	1			both before and after
	Air conditioning system .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		%	improvement
	Lighting system			%	
	Others .			%	,
				Before improving	after improving
Air condit	ioning system				
	Average EER (Btuh/Watt)				•
	Average air conditioning system in	idex (Btu	uh/m) <sup>2</sup>		**
Lighting s	ystem				
	Illumination (lux)	_			***
	Average lighting system index (Wa	att/m)			
Envelope	system		Mistake numbe	r_16	*
	OTTV (Watt/m)				em index as this formula
	1. Building		Existing (w/m)	- kwh/year saving	(w/m <sup>-</sup> )
	2. Building				
	RTTV (Watt/ni)				
	1. Building				
	2. Building			[	Vistake number 17
<u>Remark</u>	1. Air conditioner				The OTTV and RTTV improvement
	1.1 Used air conditioner more than	n 8 yean	s	sets	measures cannot be implement because the following reasons
	1.2 Used air conditioner >7-8 year	rs		Į.	1. EIRR less than 9%
	1.3			1	2. The OTTV and RTTV after improving
	2. Measures of OTTV improvemen	ot be impleme	nted because	s over the standard  3. The improper of the site	
	Measures of RTTV improvement	nt canno	t be impleme	i	
				Ĺ	

- The EER of new air conditioner lower than 25000 Btu/h is more than 10.6 Btu/h/Watt
   The EER of new air conditioner up to 25000 Btu/h is more than 9.6 Btu/h/Watt
- \*\* The average capacity of air conditioner after improving is not less than the existing capacity
- \*\*\*The average illuminant after improving is higher than the existing illuminant from the assesment and the illuminant should not less than 350 lux in working plane of room.

Bill	of	Quan	tit

Energy Conservation in Government or State-owned Building

Address.....

Mistake number 18

- 1. The right mark means that blank should be filled in.
- 2. The wrong mark means that blank should not be filled in.
- 3. Tithe finishing cost includes the miscelleneous cost

No.	No. Material		Unit	nit Material Cost		Labor Cost		Removing	Finishing	Total
				Unit Price	Total	Unit Price	Total	Cost	Cost	
Λ	Lighting System									- <u>-</u>
1	Compact Fluorescentw						/	$\times$	6.7	-1-
	total I						- 155			
2	Reflector Luminary									
	Surface, Louver (Wide cm)						No.			
	type 1x36 w		set				/	$\times$	-	
	High Efficiency (Triphosphor Coating type) Fluorescentw		lump							
									*	
	Finishing Cost	1	set						/	
	total 2									
3	Electronics Ballast									
	18 W		cach							
	36 W		cach	L	/		/	$\times$	$ \times $	
	total 3									
	total A									

Bill of Quantity

#### Energy Conservation in Government or State-owned Building

Budget......C...... Factor F.....N - [(C-B)/(A-B)] X (N-M)......

#### Addres

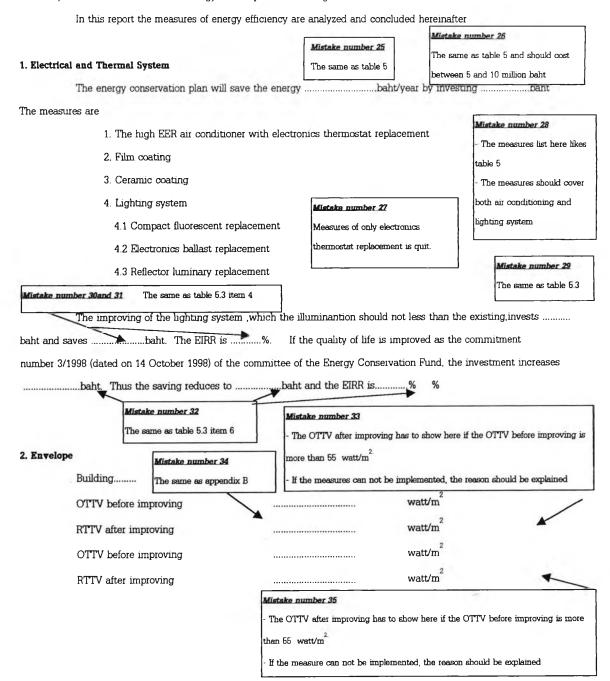
No.	Material	Quantity	Unit	Materi	al Cost	Labo	r Cost	Removing	Finishing	Total
				Unit Price	Total	Unit Price	Total	Cost	Cost	
1 Mis	Air Conditioning System  High EER air conditionet with electronics thermostat  more than 12000 Btu/h  more than 60000* Btu/h  stake number 22  ow the list of the air conditioner in each capacity  Einisting Cost  Air Conditioning System  Mistake number 21  put the * mark after the capacity of the 3  phase air conditioning system	11	set set set		<b>/</b>		<b>/</b>	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	umber.19 ing cost of the air cooper each set	additioner is
	Total I									
2	Ceramic Coating		sq.m							
	Total B									
	Total A and B Factor F					1				
	Total in Word									)
Ų.	*Factor F Calculation  BudgetA Factor FM  BudgetB Factor FN				Don	ake number.20 not forget to fill in e blocks	-			

Energy Consumption	 kWh/year
Proportion of the Energy Using of Each System	0.00
Air Conditioning System	 %
Lighting System	 %
Others	 %

No.	Item	Before Improving	After Improving	Diference
1	60% Operating Mistake number 23			·ı
1.1	Saving (kWh/year)	Before improving figure should be m	ore than after improving	1
1.2	Saving (Baht/year)			]
1.3	Investment (baht)	Before improving figure should be le	ss than after improving	] -
1.4	Payback Period(year)			] .
1.5	EIRR%	Before improving figure should be r		
1.6	Number of Luminary (set)	Before improving figure should be le	1	
1.7	Electronics Ballast (set)	75. 11. 7 × 12. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.		
1.8	Number of Lamp (Lamp)			
1.9	Lighting System Index (watt/m) 2	Before improving figure should be m	ore than after improving	]
1.10	Illuminant (lux)	Before improving figure should be le	ss than after improving	
2	100% Operating Mistake number 24		0.00040998-0-0.000000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000 00.00000	
2.1	Saving (kWh/year)			
2.2	Saving (baht/year)			
2.3	Payback Period(year)			
2.4	EIRR%			

#### **Abstract**

This report is apart of the Energy Conservation in Government or State-owned Building project which ECCT is the implement agency of the Department of the Department of Energy Development and Promotion to study the potential of the energy conservation. The Energy Conservation Center of Thailand co-operates with .................to audit and analyze the characteristic of the energy consumption in building.



Page

## Contents

1. General data and characteristic of the building			1-1
2. Characteristic of the energy using	•		2-1
2.1 Electrical using in organization			
2.2 Electrical using in building		7	
2.3 Water using			2-r
			ı
3. Suggestion for energy conservation			3-1
3.1 Suggestion for electrical saving			3-1
3.1.1 Air conditioner maintenance		Mistake number 37	3-1
3.1.2 High EER air conditioner with electronics thermo	ostat replacement	the list of the	
3.1.3 Film coating	Mistake number 36	measures here likes	
3.1.4 Insulation tiling	The measures of the air	the measures in the	
3.1.5 Ceramic coating	conditioner includes	potential of the	
•	electronics thermostat	energy	
3.2 Suggestion for lighting saving		conservation	
3.2.1 Compact fluorescent replacement			
3.2.2 Reflector Luminary Replacement			
3.2.3 Electronics Ballast Replacement			
3.3 Suggestion for thermal saving	Mistake number 38		
3.3.1 Boiler tuning	The thermal measures of		
3.3.2 Boiler insulating	overall budget of building	ig is less than 3 million	
3.3.3 Condensate recovery	Dani		<b>3</b> -n
4. Potential of the Energy Conservation			4-1
5. Energy Conservation Plan			5-1

#### Appendix

Page Appendix A a-1 A.1 Electrical power distribution Mistake number 39 Put the improvment drawing before improving in this section A.2 Air conditioning system Mistake number40 A.3 Lighting system Put the picture of the luminary before improving and the iso-lux drawing in this section Appendix B b-1 B.1 OTTV before improving Mistake number 41 B.2 RTTV before improving Use software Q-Save only for B.3 OTTV after improving B.4 RTTV after improving b-n Appendix C c-1 Mistake number 42 Check the completion of the data The data for controlled building Appendix D d-1 The data for government or state-owned building e-1 Appendix E Iso - lux calculation Mistake <u>n</u>umber 43 Appendix F The input after improving requires f-1 only th diferent data Input of OTTV and RTTV

#### 1. General Data and Characteristic of the Building

#### 1.1 General Data

**Building** name : ......

Address **:** .....

Telephone number : ..... Long distance code for provincial province

Characteristic : ......

Government time : From.....to......hr/day or.....hr/day

Mistake number 44

person

Write the right title of the co-operator

Working time From.....to......hr/day or.....hr/day '

Opening time

Employee

Mistake number 45 Number of bed beds : .....

Number of bed is used for hospital only m²

: ......

Using area m<sup>2</sup> Air conditioning area

Mistake number 46

Name of cooperator : .....

Title or position

Telephone number

Facsimile Number : ......

#### 1.2 Characteristic of the Building

is the squar/rectangular building which has .....floors Building .....

s ......years. The characteristic are

Wall Mistake number 47

The characteristic should be Window

completed and accorded to the data Door

n the OTTV calculation Roof

Floor

Overhang

## 1.2.1 Characteristic of the Opaque Wall

Mistake number 48 Write the name of building

Building although there is only one

Characteristic			Type of	material / Thick	kness (mm.)								
	layer 1	thickness	layer 2	thickness	layer 3	thickness	Color of outside						
1													
Mistake number 50 The example of the occoncrete wall	paque wall charac	teristic are brick wall	cement, brick eall	with insulation, marble		п	he example of the color are th						
4													
n													

## 1.2.2 Characteristic of Transparent Wall

Building.....

Characteristic	Number of layer	Type of trans	Type of Overhang		
		Thickness	Туре	SC*	0,0
	istic of transparent wall are ted glass, and bronze glass				ole characteristic of overhang
n					

<sup>\*</sup>SC: Shading coefficient

## 1.2.3 Characteristic of Roof

Building....

Characteristic			Type of	f material / Thic	kness (mm.)							
	Layer 1	Thickness	Layer 2	Thickness	Layer 3	Thickness	Outside color					
1	le of the characteri	stic of roof are concre	te, concrete with									

## 1.2.4 Characteristic of the Building Envelope

Building.....

Side	Direction	Opaque wall area (m2)		Transparent w	vall area (m2)	Proportion of transparent	
		Air conditioning	total	Air conditioning	total	to overall wall	
Front						Mistake number 54	
Back						Fix two digit of the	
Right						decimal part	
Left							

## 1.3 Building Picture

Mistake number 55

Four side of picture per each building

Top view

Door

Front

Front View

Back

Top view

Door

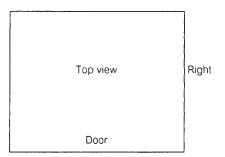
Back View

## **Building Picture**

Left Top view

Door

Left View



Right View

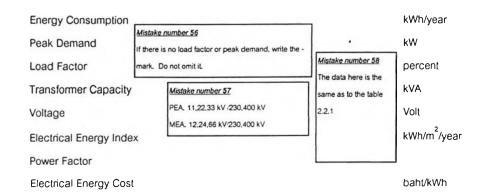
## 1.4 Location

The map in the organization

The map of building with north grid

## 2. Characteristic of the Energy Using

## 2.1 Energy Using in Organization



## 2.2 Energy Using in Building

	Buildir	ng	used electrical energy	. '	% of the organization or
kWh/year.	The proportion of	of each syst	em are		
,	Air conditioning sy	stem	Mistake number 59	9,	4
			The normal ratio are 60-20-20, 70-20-10.		· ′o
ι	Lighting system		and 80 10/10. If there is abnormal, should		0
(	Others	4	show the reason	9,	<b>%</b>

# 2.2.1 Energy Consumption Table

Month	Peak Demand	Consumption	Cost	Load Factor	Cost per unit
	(kWh)	(kWh)	(baht)	%	(baht/kWh)
	A	В	В	X 100 / (A X hour in month)	
					,
					ī
Total	-			1-	
ounthly average	-				
yearly average	-	С	Ę.	(kW maximumX8760)X100	

2.2.2 Graph of the Energy Consumption

# 2.2.3 Energy Using in Air Conditioning System

	Building	Write	ke number 60 the building name		Mistake nu Separate e		each building				1
No.	Сара	city	Туре			Number in	n each ag	е		Total	Total
	(Btu	.h)		< 3	3 - 5	>5-6	. >6-7	>7 - 8	> 8	sets	(Btu)
				ı							
	, T	otal									
	Organization	Top floor Air condi Energy c Average  Mistake In Conclude	air conditioning area air conditioning index onsumption of EER of building	air condil	tioning sys	stem	Sele tabl	take number 6 ect the data fro e in A 2.2 of e. ding to calcula	om the	m <sup>2</sup> m <sup>2</sup> Btuh/m2 kWh/yea Btuh/wat	r
No.	Сара	city	Туре		Į.	Number in	each age	3		Total	Total
	(Btu	.h)	•	< 3	3 - 5	>5-6	>6-7	>7 - 8	> 8	sets	(Btu)
	Т	otal									
		Top floor Total air o	conditioning ar air conditionin conditioning in	ea wnte g area dex	the conclude	<del>-</del>	į	one building  Wistake numbe		m² m² Btuh/m2 kWh/yea	r
show the re	ason		rgy consumpti rage FFR of bi		JUNUNUN	ig system	)	Ne same as ta	i Live	Btuh/wat	

## 2.2.4 Energy Using in Lighting System

The energy using in lighting system are concluded in the table below

No.	Type of lamp	Type of luminary	Type of cover	Lamp per luminary	Number of	watt/luminary	Ballast loss	Total watt	
				(Lamp/Luminary)	Luminary		(watt/Luminary)	(watt)	
1			•						
2							M sleke number 68  - The loss of ballast 18,20,32,36,40 w. is 10 w.  - The loss of the low watt loss ballast is 5.5 w.		
3						[.·			
4						L			
		Total							

Building		
Using area		m <sup>2</sup>
Average lighting system index		watt/m2
Energy consumption		kWh/year
Conclusion	Mistake number 67	
Using area	Conclude the data from every building and like	m <sup>2</sup>
Average lighting system index	A.4	watt/m2
Energy consumption		kWh/year

## 2.3 Water Using

Volume			m³/year
Cost		:	baht/m3
Water u	sing index		m3/man-year
Remark		Mistake number 69 m3/bed-year in the o	case of the hospital building
	Mistake number 70	f the case of no water using	

## 3. Suggestion for Energy Conservation

#### 3.1 Suggestion for Electrical Saving

#### 3.1.1 Air Conditioner Maintenance

#### **Data from Auditing**

There are ......sets of existing air conditioner which have not been replaced. The capacity is .....ton and consume.....kWh/year. The non maintenance condition makes the energy consumption of the air conditioner more than the maintenance condition as the data in table below.

	The non maintenance	The maintenance	The difference	
	air conditioner	air conditioner	data	
EVAP TEMP	7.2 °C	7.2 °C	-	
COND TEMP	54.4 ℃	51 ℃	3.4	
AMBIENT	35 ℃	35 ℃	-	
POWER (W.)	3700	3590	110	
Btu	27900	29340	1440	
Btu/ <b>Wa</b> tt	7.52	8.17	0.63	

(The data in table are quoted from technical data of Compressor energy efficiency)

Saving = 
$$\frac{0.63 \times 100}{8.17}$$
 =  $7.7$  %

#### Suggestion

The air conditioner always maintains for the efficiency of the heat transfer at condensing coil by the following procedure.

- 1. Monthly measure
  - Use the compressed air to clean the condensing coil, evaporater coil, and filter.
  - Check the controling system such as the temperature control system
  - Record the energy consumption, current, voltage of compressor, motor, and fan

#### 2. Every 6 month

- Do the big cleaning all coil by water cleaning.

After maintaint the air conditioner

 Saving
 =
 .....
 x
 0.077
 kWh/year

 =
 .....
 .....
 x
 baht/year

 =
 .....
 baht/year

## Investment

The maintenance measure invests 700 baht/sets/year and 2000 baht for the air conditioner which the capacity is more than 60000 Btu.

Payback period year

Economic Investment Rate of Return %

#### 3.1.2 The measure of high EER air conditioner with electronics thermostat replacement

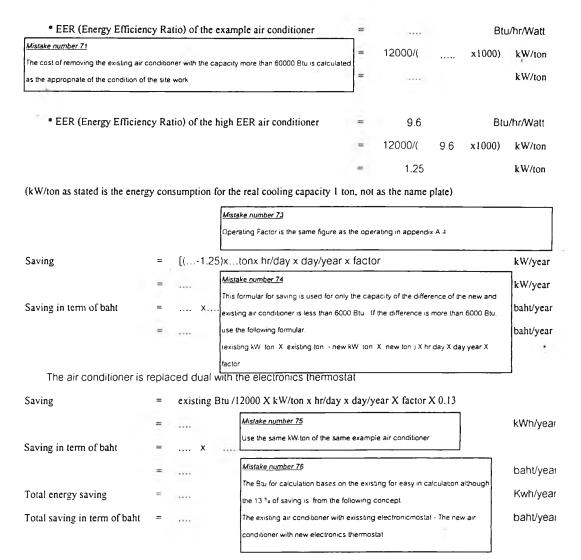
#### **Data from Auditing**

There are ....sets of low EER air conditioner. The total capacity is...........Btu

Mistake number 72
Select the data from table 5.1 for saving calculation

#### Example of calculation

Select one of the air conditioner which the capacity is more than 25000 Btu for calculation



#### Example

Select one of the air conditioner which the capacity is less than 25000 Btu for calculation

	* EER (Energy Efficiency Ratio) of the example air conditioner		-		Btu/hr/watt	
			=	12000/(	x1000)	kW/ton
			=	*****		kW/ton
	* EER (Energy Efficient	ncy Ratio) of the high EER air conditioner	=.	10.6	Btu	ı/hr/watt
			=	12000/( 10.6	x1000)	kW/ton
			=	1.13	7	kW/ton
Y	(kW/ton as stated is the ener	gy consumption for the real cooling capacity	I ton, not as	s the Name Plate)	ı	3
	Saving	= [(1.13)xtonx hr/day xday/ye	ar x factor			kW/year
		= 1				kW/year
	Saving in term of baht	= x				baht/year
	-	= 1)				baht/year
	The air conditioner is repla	aced dual with the electronics thermosta	it			,
	Saving	= existing Btu /12000 X kW/ton x hr/d	lay x day/yea	ar X factorX0.13		
		=				kWh/yea
	Saving in term of baht	= x				
		=				baht/yea
	Total energy saving	=				kWh/yea
	Total saving in term of baht	= 1,				baht/yea
	Suggestion					
	From auditin	g the low EER air condition should be replace	ed as the list	of new air condi	tioner	
	There aresets as the loc	ation in the energy conservation improvement	nt drawing.	The saving after		
	improving iskwh/yea	r and ★oaht/year Mistake number 79				
	Mistake number 77 The same data as the list of new	The investment data is	the same as the	investment in the tab	e 5	
	Investment					
	The new high	n EER air conditioner aresets. The ma	iterial cost is	baht		
	The material cost is	.baht, the removing cost isbaht, th	ne cost of in	stallation isb	aht, and the	Э
	finishing cost isbaht					
	Payback per	iod	year			
	Economic In	vestment Rate of Return	%			

\*\*

Y

## Data from Auditing

Buildingha	is the transpar	rent wall	m² and the o	paque wall	m² .
The OTTV iswatt/m² wt	nile the standa	atd figure is 55 w	ratt/m <sup>2.</sup> The over	erall existing transp	arent wall
of the building is themm			Mistake number 79		
The shading coefficient of the existing transparent wall is		sparent wall is	In the energy conservation improvement drawing must show the		
The shading coefficient after	J	`	area of film coating	watt/m <sup>2</sup>	
		Mistake number 8			
The difference of OTTV	=		calculation is the sa	me as watt/m <sup>2</sup>	
The overall area of wall	=	the area in the OT	TV calculation	m <sup>*</sup>	
The seed as above		w. 7			
The reduced heat	=	(+	)x3,414/1000	Btu/hr	
(1 kw of heat equals to 3414	Btu/hr)				
	=	/1200	0	ton	00
The saving electrical energy	Mistake number 81			Mistake numb  Transform the	average EER to
	The hour for calcul	lation should be less th	an12 hours of dayligh	kwiton for calc	culation
Mistake number 83	=	x hr/dayk x da	y/year x operating	g factor of x kW/ton	kWh/year
The reflectance of the new film	=				kWh/year
should be less than 0.2	=	x			baht/year
					baht/year
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Suggestion					
The measure of file	m coating will	reduce the heat	gain from the	outside. So the say	ving is
kwh/year orbaht/yea					
,					
	Mistake num	nber 84			
There is no miscelleneous cost and the finishing					
	cost in the fil	lm coating measures	{		
Investment					
The overall film are	ea ism².	The price of film	n coating is 95	50 baht/m²	
The total cost of investment is	l			Mistake number 85	he mare then the
Payback period			year	Area of film coating may area of conditioning are	
Economic Investm	ent of Return		0/		
Mistake number 86			ke number 87		
If there is the existing film and the OTTV is	more than 55 watt's	sq.m., the		d for each or overall building	ng to make the
auditor should check that the existing film	could be removed o	or not EIRR	more than 9 %		

### 3.1.4 The measures of insulation tiling

#### Data from Auditing

The area of the ceiling at the top floor which gain the heat without the insulation tiling is ......m<sup>2</sup>

The capacity in the top floor is .....ton which consumes the electrical energy ......kW. The existing RTTV is .......W/m2

#### Suggestion

The ceiling of the top floor without the insulation tiling makes the high load to the air conditioner.

So the insulation can reduce the heat gain in the building and the electrical energy consumption of the air conditioner.

After tiling the insulation the energy consumption of the air conditioning system reduces as the calculation Mistake number 89 Mistake number 88 The measures of insulation is the watt/m<sup>2</sup> The RTTV before improving Α The area for energy irst priority when RTTV of the watt/m<sup>2</sup> The RTTV after improving B = valt sq.m., If the EIRR is less than The difference of RTTV watt/m A-B  $m^2$ С Tiling area = is the second prioritiy. The The reduced heat gain (A-B)xCx3414/1000 Btu/hr and RTTV calculation still (1 kW heat equals to 3,414 Btu/hr) shown both measures of insulation ind ceramic coating ..../12000 ton Energy saving only one measures in the Mistake number 93 ....x hr/day x day/year x operating factor x kW/ton kWh/year case of both of measures of The investment nsulation and ceramic coating ca kWh/year Mistake number 91 cannot include the baht/year EER from auditing and finishing cost baht/year 

The labor cost is ......baht/m<sup>2</sup> Total cost of investment is ......baht.

Payback period year Show the real area of the film coating

Economic Investment Rate of Return %

# 3.1.5 The measures of ceramic coating

# Data from Auditing

The capacity of the air condition	er on the	e top floor i	is	.Btu which con	sume energy	kW/ton
The roof area which gain the heat ism <sup>2</sup>	The RT	TV isv	watt/m² wh	nich is higher th	nan 25 watt/n	n <sup>2</sup> as
stated in the act of energy conservation.			Mi	stake питрег 96		
			Th	e median price of	every color of	ceramic
		•••••		ating is the same.		
Mistake number 95						
Show the calculation of the area for ceramic coatin	g					
Suggestion						¥ ·
After coatting thecolor cera	amic on t	the roof, th	e RTTV re	educes tov	vatt/m²	
The load of air condjitioning system reduces	s too.					
			Mistake nu	mber 97		
			The area o	f ceramic coating		
			is the same	e as the area of		
RTTV before improving	=	Α	RTTV calci	ulation	watt/m <sup>2</sup>	
RTTV after improving	=	В			watt/m <sup>2</sup>	
The difference of RTTV	Ξ	A-B			watt/m <sup>2</sup>	
Ceramic coating area	=	С			m²	
The difference of RTTV	=	(A-B)×	Cx3414/1	000	Btu/hr	
(1kW of heat equals to 3414 Btu/hr)						
	=		/12000	)	ton	
Energy saving	,					
Mistake nymber 94	=	vh	r/day v d	ay/year x factor	r v kw/ton	kWh/year
The area of ceramic coating should consider the slope, the	-		ii/day x de	ay/year x lactor	X KW/(OI)	KVVIII/yCai
eaves, and the curl.	=	444				kWh/year
The double carved roof and the big or small carved roof which	=		. x			baht/year
has 15-25 degree of slope, use the factor 1.06 to multiple into	-	***	^	*****		Cambycan
the non slope area and factor 1.02 to multiple into the non carved area. If the degree of slope is 25-30 degree the factor	=	14.44	e/			baht/year
is 1.12 and 1.25		Mistake num				
		The area in t	he investment	is all of the roof beca	ause of	
Investment	2	the appropri		2		
The area of ceramic coating is	m T	he labor c	ost is	baht/m <sup>*</sup>		
The total cost isbaht						
				Mistake number	98	
				The area of cera	mic coating sh	ould has the
Payback period			year	water drain		
Economic Investment Rate of Re	eturn		%			

3.2 Suggestion for lighting sa	•	Mistake number 100 Simulate the illumination by software EASY LUX version 2.06 by selecting direct calculation	ř
Data from auditing	Mistake number 101 This measures is used for compact fluorescent only	Mistake number 102  The replacement should consider the diministallation of the compact fluorescent	ension and the
There are some of the influorescent as the list below	ncandescent lamp in the buildi	ng which should change into co	mpact
Incandescent	watt	lamp	,

Suggestion After replace the incandescent by the compact fluorescent the saving is Saving kwh/year Mistake number 103 kwh/year Use the age of compact fluorescent only 4 years for EIRR calculation baht/year Saving in term of baht baht/year Investment The compact fluorescent with electronics ballast......sets costs......baht/sets The labor cost is ......baht/lamp. Total cost is .....baht Payback period year

Economic Investment Rate of Return %

Mistake number 104

The EIRR calculation should select the age of each equipment

.2.2 The measures of reflector luminary replacement

3.2.2 The measures of reflect	or luminary replacement	
Mistake number 105	Miatake number 106	Mistake number 107
The existing luminary can be replaced only the age	Use the 32-18 = 14 watt for the saving from the	The measures of reflector luminary
is more than 3 years	replacement of the reflector luminary	replacement should replace the ballast
Data from Auditing		and the lamp in that luminary

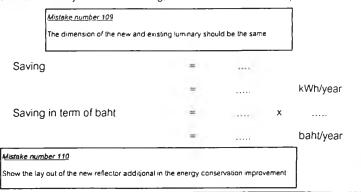
The existing luminary can be replaced with the reflector luminary as the list below.

	Reflector luminary		x	·	watt	COV	er with.		install	by		S
	Change to		x		watt	COV	er with.		install i	by		s
-	Reflector luminary		x		watt	cov	er with.		install	by		9
	Change to	***	x		watt	COV	er with.		install	by		1 5
	Reflector luminary		x	+	watt	COV	er with.		install	by		9
	Change to		x	·	watt	COV	er with.		install l	by		:
-	Reflector luminary		x	·	watt	cov	er with.		install	by		:
	Change to		x		watt	cov	er with.		install l	by		9
nark												
	The existing layout should be set and inci-	ease	the n	efleci	or lu	ninar	y as list.					
1	Increase the reflector luminary x		watt	cov	er wi	th	ins	tall by.			sets	
2	Increase the reflector luminary x		watt	cov	er wi	th	ins	tall by			sets	
3	Increase the reflector luminary x		walt	cov	er wi	th	ins	tall by.			sets	

## Suggestion

The existing luminary was coverd by the opal cover which reduces the efficiency of the luminary.

If use the reflector luminary with silver coating, the half number of the lamp reduces with the same illumination.



### Saving calculation

[Saving in one luminary x number of luminary] - [Energy consumption of the additional luminary X Additional lamp]

# 3.2.3 The measures of electronics ballast

Economic Investment of Return

## Data from Auditing

The existing magnetic ballast in the building is listed here

Magne	tic ballast 36 watt				`	each
Magnet	tic ballast 18 watt					each
Magnet	tic ballast 32 watt				••••	each
Remark Aft	er improve the illum	ination, the electro	nics ballast must	be increased as lis	t below.	
1.	Electronics ballast 3	6 W typexeach				i.
2.	Electronics ballast 1	8 W typexeach				
	Suggestion					
	The existing magn	netic ballast in the l	ouilding can be r	replaced by the elec	ctronics ba	llast.
The saving from	changing the 36 W	magnetic ballast to	electronics balla	ast is 12 W .The sav	ing from	
changing the 18	W magnetic ballast	to electronics balla	st is 7 W.			
Saving	=	[(x12)+(x7)+	(Xx2)-(Yx3	3)]xhr/dayxday/year	XfactorX1.6	0/1000
	=	••••		kW/year		
Saving	in term of baht =	x				
	=	*****		baht/yeat		
	Investment					
	Replace the magr	netic ballast to elec	tronics ballast			
	The price of 36 W	electronics ballast	isbaht			
Total isbaht						
	The price of 18 W	electronics ballast	isbaht			
Total isbaht						
	The labor cost is .	baht/each. To	tal cost is	.baht		
	Payback period					

# 4. Potential for Energy Conservation

		Investment		Savi	ng	Payback	Economic investment
Item	Material cost	Labor cost	Total			period	rate of return
	(baht)	(baht)	(baht)	(kWh/year)	(baht)	(year)	EIRR (%)
Electrical Energy							
1. Air conditioning system							
1.1Air conditioner maintenance	Miştake numl	per 117		1			
1.2 High EER air conditioner		e potential of mea	asures here.				
with electronics thermostat replacement							
Total	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	T			
2. Lighting system							
2.1Compact fluorescent replacement	'	•					
2.2 Reflector luminary replacement							
2.3 Electronics ballast replacement							
Total							
Conclussion							

# 5. Energy Conservation Plan

		Investment		Sa	ving	Payback period	Economic			
Item	Material cost	Labor cost	Total	(I-TATIL ()	T /habbaara	(	investment rate of return EIRR (%)			
Electrical Energy	(baht) Mistake number 123	(baht)	(baht)	(kWh/year)	(bahtyear)	(year) of return EIR  Mistake number 118.				
Air conditioning system     High EER air conditioner with electronics thermosta	material cost from list			kWh/year is on the	e left hand	Show the payback period and the EIRR for each measures				
replacement  Total 1	Mistake number 126 material costfrom	cost in this block for a	air							
Lighting system     2.1 Compact fluorescent replacement     2.2	list of median price exclude VAT  Mistake number 126	Mistake number 124 Put the installation cost +finishing cost				Mistake numbs Show the payb	ack period and the			
Total 2	Material cost from	+ miscelleous cost				Mistake number	120 Show the			
Conclussion	median pricefrom					payback period	and the EIRR for			
3. Total 1-2 baht	list of median price	Factor F calculation				the lighting sys	tem			
4. Factor F baht		budget		baht	Factor F					
5. Total cost baht		budget		baht	Factor F					
Word of the cost of investment baht	number 127 the word of	budget		baht	Factor F					
Remark: 1. High EER air conditioner can be replaced only the	ent as the figure. EIRR more than 9%only	Mistake number 128  The state ment number	er 2 is quoted from	abstract						

5.1 List of the new air conditioner for ........floor.......Building........

2. 16000 - 20000 Btu 3. 24000 - 25000 Btu 4. 32000 - 34000 Btu

5. 36000 - 42000 Btu

											$\overline{}$		$\overline{}$				
No.	Number	Phase	Capacity	Location	EER	kW/ton	New Capacity	Saving	Saving	Material	Misceleneous	Removing	Installation	Finishing	Total	Payback	EIRR%
	FC		(Btu)				(Btu)	(kWh/year)	(Baht)	cost	cost	cost	cost	cost	(baht)	period	
1	FC		0.11														
2																	
3																	
4																	
	Total						Mistake num	ber 131 Show	the total of eac	floor and of org	nization						
Remai	-k	Mista	ke number 1	32 Write remark in the	bottom	of the end	of this table					100000	number 130 of air condition	er replacement		listaka num	her 129
1. The	new cap	acity i	s not less	than the existing	g cap	acity						1. EER/E	EIRR			The payback	period
2. The	The range of the same capacity.											2. The a	ge is more that	n 8 years		hould be bet	ween 4
				,								3. Impor	tant of room			and 6 ye	ars
		1. 12	000 - 130	00 Btu								4. EIRR	is more than 9	%			

## 5.2 List of new lighting system

Building ....floor.....

.	42.0		Explicate transf			tann	lating.			,	is btej butu	· · · · · ·							New forming	'n					Electron	ادماسا به
141	fic.sm										,					hae mpro			L			proving		]		
		Me	Mult	Monte 4	(Alw.	Will	tephale.	_	Lunininy	1	L Used	Number			مزدا دااداددد	CONCE	Number			installater	COM	MAJIN	Number	Avutage		
7					-		Te, C. F	W16.16-35#	Liminary	11513#	-		Muntercalica	funtiminy				Numinalem	Inminary			(cm)		dummatica	18 W	26
																					4					
	Total of floor																			number 111		aylight				
	Total di lico																		1			-				_
10	Total in organization							-						-	ata from a		}		<b>P</b> \I			X				ـ
otal (	only in the increased luminary organization			-				-						<u> </u>	·ara Irum at	a.ong			The deta	bom evoule ang only an t						-
	,			لـــــا	L		<u> </u>	L_	L			ليسيا	لـــــا						- Million Will							i

# 5.3 Capability for lighting conservation

No.	Before improving	Before improving			Average illumination	Sav	ring	Investment	Payback period	EIRR
	Туре	Number	Туре	Number	(LUX)	(kWh/year)	(baht/year)	(baht)	1	(%)
1	Lamp									
ļ	1.1 Before improving				]					
l		l i						}		
		!								
Ì	Total 1.1									
ì	1.2 After improving								}	
i							,			
Ì										
	Total 1.2									
ĺ										
1	Electronics ballast	1								
1	2.1 Before improving									
Ì										
	<b>\</b>									
								1	1	
		- 3								
1	Total 2.1			l						
}	2.2 After improving									
					[					
							1			
	Total 2.1				}					

# Capability for lighting conservation

No.	Bofore improving		After improving		Average illumination	Sav	ring	Investment	Payback period	EIRR
	Туре	Number	Туре	Number	(LUX)	(Kwh/year)	(baht/year)	(bahi)		(%)
3	Luminary with lamp									
	3.1Before improving									
							1		}	
	Total 3.1									
	3.2 After improving									
					1					
										1
					[					
									} .	
			6.5						}	
				l	i				1	
	Total 3.2									
	3.3 Measures of increased luminary								-	
									<u> </u>	
1	***			1	1	1				
	Total 3.3									
4	Total 1,1 + 2,1 + 3,1									
5	Total 1.2 + 2.2 + 3.2									
6	5 - 4									

# A.1 electrical power distribution

A.1.1 single line diagram

Capacity of	Туре	Voltage	\	Wire	Number of
transformer		(kV)	Size	Length	wire
kVA			(Sq.mm)	(m)	per phase
					2

# Transformer auditing

Capacity	Actual	v	Ir	ls .	It	PF
	Load(kW)	(Volt)	(Amp)	(Amp)	(Amp)	
}						
	Capacity	1	1 1 1			

Mistake number 135
Should not audit in the afternoon because the load is lower than actual

# A.1.3 Detail of swiching device and size of main line

_				
SIA	けたけ	ina	do	vice
OW	1101	III IU	ue	A 10-C

Size.....AF.....AT

Type

Condition

Main line

Diameter

Type of line

Condition

Suggestion

Picture

Mistake number 136

Attatch the picture of switching device and

main line

Data from substation

Equipment	Capacity	Actual	v	Ir	Is	It	PF
		Load(kW)	(Volt)	(Amp)	(Amp)	(Amp)	
-					9		
		:					
					•		
							:

161

# A.2 Air Conditioning System

# A.2.1 Detail of Auditing

.....years air conditioner

Mistake number 137
The number of data from air conditioner must be more than shown in table A.2.2

	Number	Capacity			Actual	V	ĺr	Is	lt	
No.	FC	(Btu)	Туре	Register number	Load	(Volt)	(Amp)	(Amp)	(Amp)	PF.
					(kW)					
1										
2										
3										
4						lar.	-			
5										
6							i			
7										
8										
9										
10										
								a 6		

# A.2.2 EER data

# A.1 ....years air conditioner

No.	Number	Location and capacity	Area	Velocity	Air flow rate	Humidit	y (% RH)	Tempera	ture (C)	Entha	lpy (h)	Diff.h	Btu/h	wc	EER	kW/tor
	FC	Btu/hr.	112	fi/min	cſm	R	S	R	S	R	S		4.5°cfm°diff`h	(kW)	(Btu/h/W)	
	Separate 1. · 3 ye. 2. 3·5 ye. 3. 5·6 ye. 4. 6·7 ye. 5. 7·8 ye. 6. 8 ye.	ars Collect the data 10% of the ars  Replace all air condition	er in this rang	-		air condiline	er should be	repl;aced and	d show the da	ta from audit	ng					
		(4)														

Split type air conditioner			
Capacity			Btu/h
Power			watt
Volume of air flow rate			cfm
Temperature and humidity of air return			
<b>F,</b> %			
Enthalpy : h,			Btu/lb
Temperature and humidity of air supply			
<b>F</b> ,%			
Enthalpy : h <sub>s</sub>			Btu/lb
Cooling capacity	=	4.5XcfmX( h, - h <sub>s</sub> )	Btu/h
	=	4.5XX()	Btu/h
	=		Btu/h
Transform to kw of cooling -	=	(/12000)X3.517	kW
( 1 ton of fefrigerant = 3.517 kW)	=	(/12000)X()	kW
	=		kW
COP	=	kW of Refrigerator / kW co	mpressor
	=		
	E	****	
EER	=	(Btu/h)/watt	
	=		
	= -	****	

# A. 3.1 Average illumination

Building ....

Floor ....

Room	Maximum	Minimum	Average	Daylight
Average illumination				

Conclussion

The average illumination of organization

# A. 3.2 Drawing of illumination

# A. 3.3 Picture of luminary in building

# A.4 Conclussion of energy using Mistake number 139 Use 1.45 kW ton for calculation Air conditioning system Total capacity Btu/hr Ton Energy consumption kW .... (A) Percent of operation % (B) Percent of compressor operation % (A) x (B) Total operating factor Working period ..... x **Energy consumption** kWh/year Transform to percentage % Lighting system kW Load of lighting system Using factor % . Working period hr/year Energy consumption kWh/year Transform to percentage Others = 100 - .... %

## Mistake number 141

OTTV calculation should be done although the non-air conditioning area because the heat transfer value is the property of building. It maybe benefit to the air conditioning system in the future

# RTTV calculation before and after improving

## Mistake number 142

If the insulation tiling measures cannot be implemented, the auditor should,calculate the ceramic coating measure and show the RTTV after coating the ceramic.

Date				٠						
------	--	--	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	--

## Section 1 General Data

1.1	Building name									
1.2	Address									
	Telephone number									
	Facsimile number									
1,3	Type of building		[-]	Office	[	]	Hotel	[	]	Hospital
			[ ]	Shopping center	[	]	Educational institute	[	]	Others
1.4	Period of working		t	ir/day	day/y	ear				
1.5	Number of room or	bed								
	(1) Number of	roon	n in hote	l						
	(2) Number of	bed	in hospi	tal						
1.6	Area using in each	mont	th							

(1	1)			(2)	(3)	(4)		
Workin	g Hour	Area of building excluding car		excluding car park area	Hotel	Hospital		
			Air conditioning	Non air conditioning	Percent of serviced	Number of patient	Number of patient	
(hr)			m <sup>2</sup>	m2	room per month	(bed-day)	(man)	
Building A		hr	3,363	(4.E)E(	-	-	-	
Building B	111	hr			-	-	-	
	(144)	hr	¥494		-	-	-	
		hr			-	-		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(	4)
No.	Name	Register Number	Valid of	authority
1				
			Start	End
			date	date
}				
}				

.

Section 2 171

# 2.1 Data of area in building

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Building name	Number of	Height of	Car park	Using area	Area of air	Proportional of	Age of
	floor	floor	area		conditiioning	transparent to	Building
		(m)	(m²)	(m <sup>2</sup> )	(m²)	overall area	(year)
Building			_				
Building							
Building							
	Total						
Tota	l area of contro	olled building		m2			
Airc	onditioning are	ea		m2			

2.2	Map of organization			

TOD rate

<del></del>		 

## Section 3

3.1	Electrical purchasing  (1) Purchasing	Misiake number 141  Use the data of the last month shown in table 2.2.1		
	Normal rate		30,407.00	kWh
	TOD rate		1-	kWh
	(2) Peak demand			
	Normal rate		17	kVVh

Period	kWh
1)	
2)	
3)	

3.2 Energy using in each system

Affistake number 144

Use the data of the last month in table 2.2.1

(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
System	Energy consumption		Percentage	Remark
	(kWh)			
	Instrument Assesment			
Air conditioning	-			
Lighting	~			
Others	Œ			
Total				

## 3.3 Fuel using

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Type of fuel	Unit	Volume	Price	Cost of fuel	Remark
			(baht/unit)	(baht)	
1. Fuel oil	1				
2. Diesel oil	{				
3. Berizine oil	t				
4. Kerozene	1				
5. Liquid petroleum gas	kg				
6. Natural gas	million Btu				
7. Others	unit				
9920000000					
	Total				

(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)	(5)
Name of equipment		Quantity of fuel		Price	Cost of fuel	Remark
	Туре	Quantity	Unit	(baht/unit)	(baht)	1
Boiler						
	_					
Autoclave						
Water heater					- <del></del>	
Autociave						
Other equipments						
						ļ
,		Tota	1			

3.5	Energy	using for	electrical	energy	production
-----	--------	-----------	------------	--------	------------

ſ	1	Generate only electrical energy	[ ]	Generate electrical and thermal energy
L		Controlled only officer controlled	L J	3,

(1) Capacity (kW)	Quantity	(2) of main fuel consum	ption	(3) Hour of operating	(4) Quantity of production (kWh)	
	Туре	Quantity	Unit	(hr)	For using	For selling

Type of energy	Unit	Quantity	Average heating value	Quantity of auxilliary
			(MJ/uriit)	heating
				(MJ)
Purchased electricity	kwh		3.6	
2. Fuel oil	ſ			
3. Diesel oil	1			
4. Benzine oil	ı			
5. Kerozie oil	ı		1	
6. Liquid petroleum gas	kg			
7. Natural gas	million Btu			
8. Others	unit			
			2.0	
	Tota	d		

Section 4 The machine installation for energy conservation

## 4.1 Machine or equipment

#### 1. Transformer

ltern	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Type of transformer	[ ] Dry type			
	[ ] Oil type			
Capacity (KVA)				
High voltage (kV)				
Low voltage (V)				
Cooling system				
Producer				
Installed year				
Location				
Remark				

Item	Unit 21	Unit 22	Unit 23	Unit 24
Type of air conditioner				
Capacity Btu/hr				
Electncal power (kw)				
Brand name				
Date of installation				-
Location of using				
Remark				

## (3) Central air conditioner

			tem
Type of chiller			[ ] Water cooling
			[ ] Air cooling
Type of air comp	oressor		
Capacity of air conditioner ton/hr		ton/hr	
Capacity of air o	compressor	kW	
	Chilling water pump	kW	
Type of water		Mar	
cooling	Cooling water pump	kW	
equipment		I/hr	
	Cooling tower	kW	
Type of air	Chiller pump	kW	
cooling		l/hr	
equipment	Air cooling fan	kW	
Brand name of	chiller		
Date of installati	ion		
Location			
Remark			

# (4) Lighting system

4.1 Fluorescent lamp

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Lamp	Ballast	Cover	Lamp per	Number of	watt per lamp	Ballast lost	Total power	Opeating hour
			Luminary	Luminary			(watt)	(hr/day)
					(watt/luminary)	(watt/luminary)		
Fluorescent lamp	[ ] Hang	[ ] Bare						
58 watt	Recess	[ ] Opal						
	[ ] Others	[ ] Prismatic						
		[ ] Others						
	-					4		
Fluorescent lamp	[ ] Hang	[ ] Bare	[ ] 36 watt	[ ] 36 watt				
36 or 40 watt	[ ] Recess	[ ] Opal	[ ] 40 watt	[ ] 40 watt				
	[ ] Others	[ ] Prismatic						
		[ ] Others						
	1							
Fluorescent lamp	[ ] Hang	[ ] Bare	;					
32 watt	[ ] Recess	[ ] Opal						
	[ ] Others	[ ] Prismatic	i					
		[ ] Others						
Fluorescent lamp	Hang	Bare	[ ] 18 watt	[ ] 18 watt				
18,20 watt	[ ] Recess	[ ] Opal	[ ] 20 watt	[ ] 20 watt				
	[ ] Others	[ ] Prismatic						
		[ ] Others						-
				<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	i.e	<u>L</u>

<sup>4.2</sup> The improvement about the energy conservation

4.2 Other lamps

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Type of lamp	Number of lamp	Power	Ballast loss	Total power	Operating hour
		(watt/lamp)	(watt/lamp)	(watt)	(hr/day)
				T	
Incandescent		~ ·			
watt					
watt					
Tungsten and halogen lamp					
watt					
watt					
Compact fluorescent					
watt					
watt			,		
High pressure mercury lamp					
watt					
watt					
Metalhide lamp		:			
watt					
watt					
High pressure sodium lamp					
watt		Н			
<b>w</b> att		i			
Low pressure sodium lamp					
<b>wa</b> tt					
watt					

# (5) More than 5 kw consumed equipment

ltem	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4
Type of air conditioner				
capacity (kW)				
Voltage (V)				
Current (ampere)				
Phase				
Power factor (%)				
Efficiency (%)				
Date of installation				
Location				
Remark				

ltem		Set 1	Set 2	Set 3
Type of boiler				
Designed capacity	Steam presure			
	Evaporating rate			
	Width (m)			
Outside figure	Length (m)			
	Height (m)			
	Diameter (m)			
Heat transfer surface				
Type of used fuel				
Rate of fuel consump	ition			
Efficiency (%)				
Brand name				
Date of installation				
Location				
Remark				

## (7) Heat recovery system

Type of heat recovery	Condensate Recovery	The heat	Blow down		
		Condenser	Indoor	Stack	system
Type of machine					
Type/model					
Number					
Temperature of recovery					
Percent of recovery					
Brand name			- <u></u>		
Date of installation					
Remark					

Name of machine	autoclave	Condensator	Clothes dryer	Roll iron machine	Other
Type/model		]			
Number					
Pressure					
Quantity					
Brand name					
Date of installation					
Location					
Remark					

# (9.1) Power generator

ltem	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	set 4
Type of engine				
Brake horse power				
ıbııı				
Type of fuel				
Stage of engine				
Brand name				`
Date of installation				
Location				
Remark				

Item	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4
Capacity (kW)				
Voltage (V)				
Current (amp)				
Power factor				
грт				
Brand name				
Date of installation				
Location				
Remark				

(10) Other eqipment 183

Type and name of machine	Autoclave	Water heater	Distillation	Clothes dryer	Other
			equipment		
Type/model					
Number					
Type of fuel					
Quantity of fuel					
consumption					
Brand name					
Date of installation					
Remark					
I					

# 4.2 The improvement about the energy conservation

No.	Detail of improvement	Improving period		Investment	Saving		7	
		Start	End	(baht)	Type of energy	Number	Value	Remark
		Date	Date				(baht)	
				:		·		
	Total							

Signature of cooperator	
(	<b>,</b>

## Register Data

TSIC CODE			Mistake number 145	Put * - * in this line	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Title of building			Mistake number 146	Such as *Ministry	or Department	()
Name of organization			Mistake number 147	Such as "Energy	Development and Promotion®	
Type of organization			Mistake number 148	Such as There a	re only three kinds of building	*hospital, education
Address			institute, and governme	nt organization		
Energy data						
	Peak dem	and			kW	
	Electrical	energy	,,,,,,,		kW/year	
	Thermal e	nergy			Million MJ/year	
	Date of da	ata recording				
	Year of co	onstruction				
		Old building	g	□ New bui	ilding	
Name of cooperator						

# Data for Government of State-owned Building

	Register Data	
Year of data recording	Mistake number 149	
TSIC CODE	Use the data in latest year of re	cording
Name of organization	Mistake number 150	-
Name of building	Write the name of the building not orga	inization
Number of building	Mistake number 151	
Date of recording	Suppose 01, 02, for the building wh	nich has no number
Audit by CONSORTIUM	Mistake number 152	
	Consortium mean the name of	auditor
☐ Old building	□ New building	
Data of area in building		
Number of floor		floors
Height of each floor		m
Car park area		m <sup>2</sup>
Total using area	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	m <sup>2</sup>
Air conditioning area		m <sup>2</sup>
Transparent area per overall area		%

year

Age of building

Data for 0	Government of State-owned B	uilding
2. Electrical energy using	Register Data	Mistake rumber 153 Use the data of organization
	Energy using (kwh)	Percentage

	Energy using	Percentage	
System	Instrument	Assesment	
Air conditioning	-		
Lighting	-		
Others	-		

3. Energy conservation in building except air conditioning sfystem

No.	Measure	before improving	after improving	Unit
1	OTTV			W/rn <sup>2</sup>
2	RTTV			W/m <sup>2</sup>
3	Lighting system index			W/m <sup>2</sup>

4. Measures of air conditioning system

No.	Capacity (ton)	Туре	Number	Total (ton)	kw/ton
			_		
	-				

Mistake number 154

Write the data of all improved air conditioner

## Register Data

# Suggestion for energy conservation

	Investment		Saving		Saving
Measures	(baht)				(baht)
		kWh	LOE	GJ	}
1. Air conditioninig system					
1.1 High EER air conditioner replacement				,	
2. Envelope system		Mistake number 155		e in	
2.1 Film coating		kWh X 3.6	:36.6 = LOE		
2.2 Insulation tiling		Mistake ni	umber 156		
2.3 Ceramic coating		kWh X 3.6	1000 = Gj		
3. Lighting system					
3.1 Compact fluorescent replacement					
3.2 Reflector luminary replacement					

Measures	System	Payback	FIRR(%)	EIRR(%)
	3	Period (year)		
High EER air conditioner replacement	Air conditioning		-	
Film coating	Envelope		-	
Insulation tiling	Envelope		-	
Ceramic coating	Envelope	,	•	;
Compact fluorescent replacement	Lighting		-	
Reflector luminary replacement	Lighting		-	
Electronics ballast replacement	Lighting		-	_

# Vita

My name is Kua-anan Techato. I was born on the first of April 1974 at Amphur Muang, Yala province. I graduated in bachelor degree of engineering from mechanical engineering department, faculty of engineering, Price of Songkhla University in year 1995. Now I am a project engineer in the Energy Conservation Center of Thailand and Energy Efficiency Institute (Thailand).

