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นางสาว วิภาลักษณ์ ปฐมชัยวิวัฒน์

วิทยานิพนธ์นี้เป็นส่วนหนึ่งของการศึกษาตามหลักสูตรปริญญาเภสัชศาสตรมหาบัณฑิต ภาควิชาเภสัชอุตสาหกรรม บัณฑิตวิทยาลัย จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

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EFFECTS OF PROCESSING VARIABLES OF SPRAY DRYING TECHNIQUE ON PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF CONTROLLED RELEASE THEOPHYLLINE MATRICES

MISS VIPALUK PATOMCHAIVIWAT

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(Parkpoom Tengamnuay, Ph.D.)

พิมพ์ตันฉบับบทคัดย่อวิทยานิพนธ์ภายในกรอบสีเขียวนี้เพียงแผ่นเดียว

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การผลิตธิโอฟิลินเมทริกซ์ชนิดควบคุมการปลดปล่อยโดยใช้เทคนิคส เปร์ยดราย ด้วยการศึกษา อิทธิพลของตัวแปรต่างๆในกระบวนการส เปร์ยดรายต่อคุณสมบัติของผงส เปร์ยดราย รวมทั้งลักษณะการ ปลดปล่อยของตัวยาจากเมทริกซ์ที่เตรียมได้ ตัวแปรต่างๆที่นำมาศึกษาคือ อุณหภูมิของลม เข้า อัตราการ ป้อนสารระหว่างส เปร์ยดราย ความตันของการพ่นฝอย และความ เช้มข้นของสารละลายที่ใช้ระหว่างการ ผลิต ผงส เปร์ยดรายที่ได้มีการกระจายของตัวยาสม่า เสมอ และไม่มีผลกระทบจากตัวแปรต่างๆของกระบวน การผลิต อิทธิพลของตัวแปรต่างๆนั้นไม่มีผลต่อการ เปลี่ยนแปลงลักษณะการปลดปล่อยของตัวยาสาคัญ ยกเว้น อุณหภูมิของลม เข้า และเมื่อใช้สารละลายสำหรับกระบวนการส เปร์ยดรายที่มีความ เข้มข้นค่อนข้างสูง (25%) การ เพิ่มอุณหภูมิของลม เข้าทำให้อัตราการปลดปล่อยตัวยาลดลงอย่างขัด เจน ผลของแรงตอกที่ใช้ในการ เตรียม เมทริกซ์ไม่ เปลี่ยนแปลงลักษณะการปลดปล่อยตัวยามากนัก เมทริกซ์ที่ เตรียมจากผงส เปร์ยดราย ซึ่งได้จากครั้งที่ผลิตที่ต่างกันให้ผลการปลดปล่อยตัวยาที่ เหมือนกัน

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VIPALUK PATOMCHAIVIWAT: EFFECTS OF PROCESSING VARIABLES OF SPRAY

DRYING TECHNIQUE ON PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF CONTROLLED RELEASE

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Manufacture of controlled release theophylline matrices using spray drying process was studied. The influences of processing variables including the inlet air temperature, the feed rate of the spray drying solution, the atomizing air pressure and the concentration of feed solution on physical properties of the spray dried powders and on the release characteristics of the resultant matrices were investigated. This technique provided uniform distribution of drug in spray dried products which were not affected by processing variables used. The dissolution behaviors of matrices were not sensitive to processing variables except the inlet air temperature in the drying chamber and at the high concentration of solution (25%). With an increase in inlet air temperature, there was a reduction in drug release rate. The effect of tabletting process on release pattern of the spray dried matrices was also studied. Variation of compressional force during tabletting did not . remarkably alter the drug release of the matrices. This process offered good reproducibility of drug release rate from matrices of different production batches.

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ABBREVIATIONS

bar Kg/cm²

OC degree celsius

cm centimeter

g gram

HCl Hydrochloric acid

hr hour

IR Infrared

kg kilogram

kp kilopound

L liter

lb pound

mg milligram

min minute

ml milliliter

nm nanometer

N normal

NaOH Sodium hydroxide

NH₃ Ammonia

rpm revolution per minute

SD standard deviation

UV ultraviolet

µm micrometer