EVALUATION OF MECHANICAL RHEOLOGICAL AND THERMAL PROPERTIES OF POLY(TRIMETHYLENE TEREPHTHALATE)(PTT)/POLYETHYLENE BLEND USING COMPATIBILIZER BASED ON CARBOXYLATE AND IONOMER FOR AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATION

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A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements
for the Degree of Master of Science

The Petroleum and Petrochemical College, Chulalongkorn University
in Academic Partnership with

The University of Michigan, The University of Oklahoma,
and Case Western Reserve University

2014

Thesis Title: Evaluation of Mechanical, Rheological, and Thermal

Properties of Poly(trimethylene terephthalate)(PTT)/

Polyethylene Blend using Compatibilizer based on

Carboxylate and Ionomer for Automotive Application

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Program: Polymer Science

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ABSTRACT

5572031063: Polymer Science Program

Wuttikorn Chayapanja: Evaluation of Mechanical Rheological and

Thermal Properties of Poly(trimethylene terephthalate)(PTT)/

Polyethylene Blend using Compatibilizer based on Carboxylate and

Ionomer for Automotive Application.

Thesis Advisors: Asist. Prof. Manit Nithitanakul, and Prof. Brian P.

Grady 112 pp.

Keywords: Poly(trimethylene terephthalate)/ Polyethylene/ Compatibilizer/

Polymer blend

Polymer blending is one way for development of new materials with excellent properties. In this study, poly(trimethylene terephthalate) (PTT) and polyethylene blended with maleic anhydride grafted high-density polyethylene (MAH–g–HDPE) and ethylene-methacrylic acid neutralized sodium metal (Na-EMAA), were used as compatibilizers. The blends were prepared by a twin-screw extruder with different ratios of polymers (PTT/HDPE and PTT/LLDPE: 80/20 and 60/40) and compatibilizers (0, 0.1, 0.5, 1, and 5 phr). The blends were characterized on mechanical, rheological, thermal, and morphological properties. By adding the compatibilizers, Young's modulus and tensile strength, impact strength and viscosity of the blends increased and smaller dispersed droplet size micrographs were observed. For the types of compatibilizers, MAH-g-HDPE and Na-EMAA, effected on mechanical properties. The melting and crystallization behavior of the blends also depended on type of compatibilizer.

บทคัดย่อ

วุฒิกร ฉายาปัญจะ : การศึกษาคุณสมบัติเชิงกล คุณสมบัติการใหล และคุณสมบัติทาง ความร้อนของพอลิไตรเมทิลลีนเทเรฟทาเลตกับพอลิเอทิลีนโดยใช้คาร์บอกซิเลตและไอโอโน เมอร์เป็นสารเพิ่มความเข้ากันได้สำหรับการประยุกต์ใช้ในยานยนต์ (Evaluation of Mechanical Rheological and Thermal Properties of Poly(trimethylene terephthalate)(PTT)/Polyethylene Blend using Compatibilizer based on Carboxylate and Ionomer for Automotive Application) อ. ที่ปรึกษา: ผศ.คร.มานิตย์ นิธิธนากุล และ ศ. ใบรอัน เกรดี 112 หน้า

การผสมพอลิเมอร์เป็นทางเลือกหนึ่งสำหรับพัฒนาวัสดุชนิดใหม่ที่มีคุณสมบัติที่ดี ใน งานวิจัยนี้ ทำการผสมพอลิไตรเมทิลลีนเทเรฟทาเลตกับพอลิเอทิลีนโดยใช้ MAH-g-HDPE และ Na-EMAA เป็นสารเพิ่มความเข้ากันได้ พอลิเมอร์ผสมถูกเตรียมด้วยเครื่องเอกซ์ทรูเดอร์ชนิด เกลียวคู่โดยใช้อัตราส่วนที่แตกต่างกันของพอลิเมอร์ (PTT/HDPE กับ PTT/LLDPE ในอัตราส่วน 80/20 และ 60/40) และสารเพิ่มความเข้ากันได้ (0, 0.1, 0.5, 1 และ 5 ต่อร้อยส่วนของพอลิเมอร์) ตัวอย่างพอลิเมอร์ที่ถูกผสมแล้วจะถูกวิเคราะห์คุณสมบัติเชิงกล คุณสมบัติการไหล คุณสมบัติทาง ความร้อนและสัญฐานวิทยา ผลการทดลองพบว่าเมื่อเติมสารเพิ่มความเข้ากันได้ลงในพอลิเมอร์ผสม มากขึ้นและเม็ดพอลิเมอร์ของวัฏภาคที่กระจายมีขนาดลดลง สำหรับชนิดของสารเพิ่มความเข้ากัน ได้พบว่ามีผลต่อคุณสมบัติเชิงกลของพอลิเมอร์ผสมและพฤติกรรมการหลอมและการเกิดผลึกของ พอลิเมอร์ผสม

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This thesis work is funded by the Petroleum and Petrochemical College; and the National Center of Excellence for Petroleum, Petrochemicals, and Advanced Materials, Thailand.

I am grateful to my advisor Asst. Prof. Manit Nithitanakul and Prof. Brian P. Grady for all helps and suggestion throughout the work. I would like to thank the other members of my committees, Asst. Prof. Hathaikarn Manuspiya and Dr. Pornsri Pakeyangkoon for their encouragement, insightful comments, and useful question.

Special thanks to Mr.Sutep Charoenpongpool for his helpful and constructive suggestion and thanks to all Petroleum and Petrochemical College's staff.

Finally, I would like to thank my parents for their whole support, encouragement, and understanding. Also I would like to thank MN group and my friends for their help, suggestion, encouragement and cheerfulness.

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