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FORMULATION OF MONOGLYCERIDE-BASED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS
CONTAINING *GARCINIA MANGOSTANA* EXTRACT

Miss Vorratai Tan

ศูนย์วิทยบริการ
จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย

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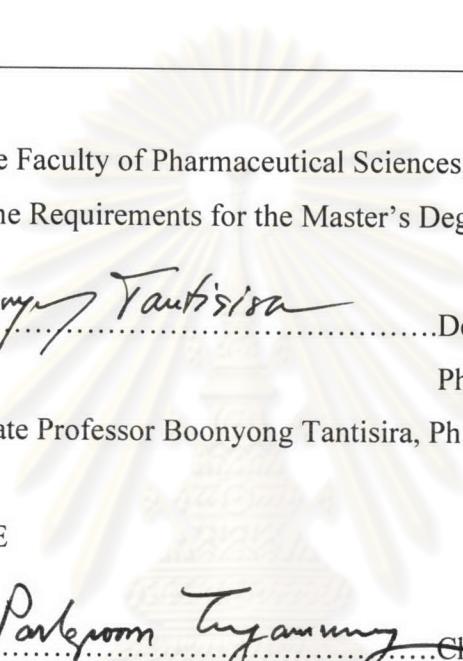
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การศึกษานี้มีวัตถุประสงค์เพื่อพัฒนาระบบนำส่งยาโดยใช้โนโนกลิเซอไรด์ที่มีสารสกัดจากเปลือกมังคุด โดยระบบนำส่งยาเข้มข้นกับความสามารถของส่วนผสมของโนโนกลิเซอไรด์ (กลิเซอริลโนโนโอลีอेट) และไตรกลิเซอไรด์ในการเกิดเป็นลิควิดคริสตัลเมื่อสัมผัสถักบันน้ำ ระบบนำส่งยาสามารถบรรจารายยาเข้าสู่ร่างกายโดยผ่านเยื่อคดยาและเปลี่ยนเป็นลิควิดคริสตัลที่มีความหนืดสูงบริเวณที่ฉีดแผนภาพระบบไตรภาคเตรียมขึ้นโดยใช้ไตรกลิเซอไรด์หลายชนิด ได้แก่ น้ำมันงา, น้ำมันถั่วเหลือง และน้ำมันมะกอก ลักษณะโครงสร้างของลิควิดคริสตัลที่เกิดขึ้นสามารถตรวจสอบได้โดยวิธีการใช้กล้องจุลทรรศน์โพลาไรส์ ในการศึกษานี้มีการเตรียมระบบนำส่งยาโดยใช้อัตราส่วนของไตรกลิเซอไรด์ : กลิเซอริลโนโนโอลีอेट : น้ำ ในอัตราส่วน 8:62:30 และ 12:58:30 ระบบนำส่งยานี้มีการปลดปล่อยสารสกัดจากเปลือกมังคุดแบบออกฤทธิ์นานโดยมีระยะเวลาในการปลดปล่อยยา 48 ชั่วโมง และเป็นไปตามรากที่สองของเวลาในช่วง 24 ชั่วโมงแรกของการปลดปล่อยยาซึ่งบ่งชี้ว่าอัตราการปลดปล่อยอยู่ในระดับที่สูง ปริมาณไตรกลิเซอไรด์ที่เพิ่มขึ้นไม่มีผลต่อการปลดปล่อยยา ผลกระทบด้านเชิงลบของลิควิดคริสตัลในการทดสอบฤทธิ์ในหลอดทดลอง ระบบนำส่งยาที่มีสารสกัดจากเปลือกมังคุดไม่แสดงฤทธิ์ในการต้านเชื้อแบคทีเรีย ทั้งนี้อาจเนื่องมาจากการสกัดมีความชอบใจมันสูงจึงไม่สามารถแพร่ออกมาน้ำสู่ตัวกลางได้ นอกจากนี้ระบบนำส่งยาดังกล่าวยังมีความคงตัวดีภายใต้สภาวะเด่น

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The purpose of the study was to develop monoglyceride-based drug delivery systems containing *Garcinia mangostana* extract. The system is based on the ability of mixtures of monoglyceride (glyceryl monooleate) and triglycerides to form liquid crystals upon contact with water. The drug delivery systems can be administered by syringe and transformed into high-viscous liquid crystalline phases at the injection site. Ternary phase diagrams were constructed from various triglycerides: sesame oil, soybean oil and olive oil. The structure of liquid crystalline phases was investigated using polarized light microscopy. In this study, monoglyceride-based drug delivery systems were prepared in the ratio of triglycerides: glyceryl monooleate: water as 8:62:30 and 12:58:30. These systems could sustain release of *Garcinia mangostana* extract over a period of 48 hr and followed square root of time kinetics during the initial 24 hr of the release phase indicating that the rate of release was diffusion controlled. The system containing sesame oil showed the highest drug release. Increasing triglyceride content did not affect the release profiles. Differential scanning calorimetry results demonstrated that *Garcinia mangostana* extract can be incorporated into drug delivery systems without causing phase transition. In the *in vitro* test, monoglyceride-based drug delivery systems containing *Garcinia mangostana* extract did not show the antimicrobial activity probably due to the high lipophilicity of the extract therefore it did not diffuse into the medium. Additionally, the drug delivery systems containing *Garcinia mangostana* extract showed good stability under the stress condition.

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Student's signature.....*Vorratai Tan*.....

Advisor's signature.....*Suchada Chutimaworapan*

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ANOVA	=	analysis of variance
CFU	=	colony-forming unit
cm	=	centimeter
cps	=	centipoises
CV	=	coefficient of variation
°C	=	degree Celsius
DSC	=	differential scanning calorimetry
e.g.	=	exempli gratia, for example
et al.	=	et alii, and others
g	=	gram
GCF	=	gingival crevicular fluid
GMO	=	glyceryl monooleate
H _{II}	=	reversed hexagonal phase
HPLC	=	high performance liquid chromatography
hr	=	hour
k ₀	=	zero-order release rate constant
k ₁	=	first-order release rate constant
k _H	=	diffusion rate constant
kg	=	kilogram
L _α	=	lamellar phase
LSD	=	least significant difference
m	=	meter
MBC	=	minimum bactericidal concentration
mg	=	milligram
MIC	=	minimum inhibitory concentration
min	=	minute
ml	=	milliliter

mm	=	millimeter
MS	=	mass spectrometry
nm	=	nanometer
NMR	=	nuclear magnetic resonance
OECD	=	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
P	=	partition coefficient
R ²	=	coefficient of determination
rpm	=	revolution per minute
SD	=	standard deviation
SPSS	=	statistical package for the social sciences
TLC	=	thin layer chromatography
µg	=	microgram
µl	=	microliter
µm	=	micrometer
UV	=	ultraviolet
v/v	=	volume by volume
w/w	=	weight by weight



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