

## บรรณานุกรม

### ภาษาไทย

#### หนังสือ

อุทุมพร จามรมาน. การสังเคราะห์งานวิจัยเชิงปริมาณ. กรุงเทพมหานคร : โรงพิมพ์จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย, 2527.

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การคำนวณ

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*
*   THE COMPUTER PROGRAM USED IN THIS STUDY IS
*   WRITTEN IN FORTRAN 77
*-----*
*   IT IS DESIGNED TO COMPARE THE ACCURACY AMONG
*   THREE ESTIMATION METHODS IN ESTIMATING THE
*   MISSING DATA FOR SMALL SAMPLES SIZE
*-----*
*
*   DESCRIPTION OF VARIABLES
*-----*
*   N      = SAMPLE SIZE
*   RHO    = CORRELATION COEFFICIENT
*   NR     = REPETITION FOR 4000 TIMES
*   NR0    = ALL MISSING DATA
*   NR1    = MISSING DATA IN THE FIRST DATA REGION
*   NR2    = MISSING DATA IN THE SECOND DATA REGION
*   NR3    = MISSING DATA IN THE THIRD DATA REGION
*   MIS    = VALUE OF MISSING DATA IN EACH TIMES
*   MDX1   = DIFFERENCE OF MISSING DATA AND VALUE
*           FROM ESTIMATOR METHODS 1; IN THE SAME
*           WAYS WITH VARIABLES "MDX2" AND "MDX3"
*   MDX1R1 = THE VALUE OF VARIABLE "MDX1" CLASSIFIED
*           IN THE FIRST DATA REGION ; IN THE SAME
*           WAYS WITH OTHER VARIABLES
*   MSX1   = THE VALUE OF VARIABLE "MDX1" SQUARE; IN
*           THE SAME WAYS WITH OTHER VARIABLES
*   MSX1R1 = THE VALUE OF VARIABLE "MDX1R1" SQUARE;
*           IN THE SAME WAYS WITH OTHER VARIABLES
*
*****
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```

-----
TEST BIVARIATE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION WHEN THE VALUE
DF MEAN=500,VARIANCE=100 ,AND RHO = 0.2,0.4 & 0.6
-----
DIMENSION MX(10000),MY(10000)
DOUBLE PRECISION SXX,SXY,SY
COMMON IA
DO 10 RHO = 0.2,.6,.2
IA = 65539
SX = 0.
SY = 0.
N = 10000
DO 20 J = 1,N
CALL NORMAL(Y1,Y2)
  YY1 = Y1*10.+500.
  YO = 500+RHO*(YY1-500)+SQRT(100.-100*RHO**2)*Y2
  MX1 = YY1
  MY1 = YO
  MX(J) = 2*YY1 - MX1
  MY(J) = 2*YO - MY1
  SX = SX + MX(J)
  SY = SY + MY(J)
20 CONTINUE
XMEAN = SX/N
YMEAN = SY/N
CALL VAR (MX,N,XMEAN,VRX)
CALL VAR (MY,N,YMEAN,VRY)
SDX = SQRT (VRX)
SDY = SQRT (VRY)
CALL SKEW (HX,N,XMEAN,SDX,SKX)
CALL SKEW (HY,N,YMEAN,SDY,SKY)
CALL KURTO (MX,N,XMEAN,SDX,RKX)
CALL KURTO (MY,N,YMEAN,SDY,RKY)
ZXZY = 0.
DO 30 I = 1,N
ZXZY = ZXZY + ((MX(I)-XMEAN)/SDX)*((MY(I)-YMEAN)/SDY)
30 CONTINUE
RXY = ZXZY/N
WRITE(6,100) RHO,RXY
WRITE(6,200)
WRITE(6,300) XMEAN,VRX,SKX,RKX
WRITE(6,300) YMEAN,VRY,SKY,RKY
100 FORMAT(//30X,'RHO = ',F4.2,I55,'RXY = ',F9.4)
200 FORMAT(17X,'MEAN',13X,'VARIANCE',12X,'SKEWNESS',14X,'KURTOSIS'//)
300 FORMAT(10X,F12.4,3(8X,F12.4))
10 CONTINUE
STOP
END

C----- SUBROUTINE VARIANCE -----
SUBROUTINE VAR (MX,N,AMEAN,VR)
DIMENSION MX(N)
SX = 0.
DO 10 I = 1,N
10 SX = SX+(MX(I)-AMEAN)**2
VR = SX/N
RETURN
END

C----- SUBROUTINE SKEWNESS -----
SUBROUTINE SKEW (MX,N,AMEAN,SD,SK)
DIMENSION MX(N)
SA = 0.
DO 20 I = 1,N
20 SA = SA+(MX(I)-AMEAN)**3
B = SD**3
SK = SA/(N*B)
RETURN
END

C----- SUBROUTINE KURTOSIS -----
SUBROUTINE KURTO (MX,N,AMEAN,SD,RK)
DIMENSION MX(N)
SA = 0.
DO 30 I = 1,N
30 SA = SA+(MX(I)-AMEAN)**4
B = SD**4
RK = SA/(N*B)
RETURN
END

```

-----  
 ----- NUMBER OF MISSING DATA = 1, N=5, AND RHO=0.2, 0.4 & 0.6 -----  
 -----

DIMENSION HDX1(4000), MDX2(4000), MDX3(4000), MSX1(4000), MSX2(4000),  
 \* MSX3(4000), MDX1R1(1100), MDX1R2(2200), MDX1R3(1100),  
 \* MDX2R1(1100), MDX2R2(2200), MDX2R3(1100), MDX3R1(1100),  
 \* MDX3R2(2200), MDX3R3(1100), MSX1R1(1100), MSX1R2(2200),  
 \* MSX1R3(1100), MSX2R1(1100), MSX2R2(2200), MSX2R3(1100),  
 \* MSX3R1(1100), MSX3R2(2200), MSX3R3(1100), MX(15), MY(15),  
 \* SUM(3), SUM1(3), SUM2(3), SUM3(3), MIS(1)

DOUBLE PRECISION SSQ(3), SSQ1(3), SSQ2(3), SSQ3(3)

COMMON IA

N = 5  
 DD 100 RHO = 0.2, 0.6, 0.2  
 IA = 65539  
 NR1 = 0  
 NR2 = 0  
 NR3 = 0  
 NR = 4000  
 DD 30 I = 1, NR  
 XSUM = 0.  
 YSUM = 0.  
 XY = 0.  
 SSQY = 0.

C-----  
 C----- SET SAMPLE SIZE BY THE RANDOMING VARIABLES FROM THE -----  
 C----- BIVARIATE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION WITH THE CORRELATION -----  
 C----- COEFFICIENT BEING EQUAL TO "RHO" -----  
 C-----

DD 10 I1 = 1, N  
 CALL NORMAL(Y1, Y2)  
 YY1 = 10\*Y1+500  
 YY0 = 500+RHO\*(YY1-500)+SQRT(100-100\*RHO\*\*2)\*Y2  
 MX1 = YY1  
 MY1 = YY0  
 MX(I1) = 2\*YY1 - MX1  
 MY(I1) = 2\*YY0 - MY1  
 IF(I1.EQ.N/2+1) MIS(1) = MX(I1)  
 XSUM = XSUM + MX(I1)  
 YSUM = YSUM + MY(I1)  
 XY = XY + MX(I1)\*MY(I1)  
 SSQY = SSQY + MY(I1)\*\*2

10 CONTINUE

C-----  
 C----- MEAN AND STANDARD DEVIATION OF SAMPLING MEAN -----  
 C-----

XSUM1 = XSUM - MIS(1)  
 XMEAN = XSUM1/(N-1)  
 SSD = 0.  
 DD 20 I2 = 1, N  
 IF(I2.EQ.N/2+1) GOTO 20  
 SSD = SSD + (MX(I2) - XMEAN)\*\*2  
 20 CONTINUE  
 SD = SQRT(SSD/(N-1))

C-----  
 C----- ESTIMATED BY SAMPLING MEAN -----  
 C-----

MN1 = XMEAN  
 MEAN = 2\*XMEAN-MN1  
 MDX1(I) = MIS(1)-MEAN  
 MSX1(I) = MDX1(I)\*\*2

C-----  
 C----- ESTIMATED BY REGRESSION EQUATION -----  
 C-----

XMEAN2 = XMEAN  
 YMEAN2 = (YSUM-MY(N/2+1))/(N-1)  
 XY2 = XY-MX(N/2+1)\*MY(N/2+1)  
 SSQY2 = SSQY-MY(N/2+1)\*\*2  
 D1LS = (XY2-(N-1)\*YMEAN2\*XMEAN2)/(SSQY2-(N-1)\*YMEAN2\*\*2)  
 DOLS = XMEAN2-D1LS\*YMEAN2  
 XILS1 = DOLS+D1LS\*MY(N/2+1)

```

ILS1      = XILS1
LS1       = 2*XILS1-ILS1
MDX2(I)   = MIS(I)-LS1
MSX2(I)   = MDX2(I)**2

```

```

C----- ESTIMATED BY MEAN OF SAMPLING MEAN AND REGRESSION EQUATION -----
C-----

```

```

XMEAN3    = (XMEAN + XSUM1)/N
YMEAN3    = YSUM/N
XY3       = XY2+MY(N/2+1)*XMEAN3
D1LS      = (XY3-N*YMEAN3*XMEAN3)/(SSQY-N*YMEAN3**2)
DOLS      = XMEAN3-D1LS*YMEAN3
XJLS1     = DOLS+D1LS*MY(N/2+1)
XJL       = (XMEAN+XJLS1)/2.
JLS1      = XJL
JLS       = 2*XJL-JLS1
MDX3(I)   = MIS(I)-JLS
MSX3(I)   = MDX3(I)**2

```

```

C----- CLASSIFY THE MISSING DATA INTO THREE DATA REGIONS BY -----
C----- USING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIONS ,FIRSTLY THE MISSING DATA -----
C----- IS GREATER THAN THE MEAN PLUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION -----
C----- ,SECONDLY IT IS BETWEEN OR EQUAL TO THE MEAN MINUS AND -----
C----- PLUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION AND ,LASTLY IT IS LESS THAN -----
C----- THE MEAN MINUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION -----
C-----

```

```

IF (MIS(I).GT.XMEAN+SD) THEN
  NR1      = NR1 + 1
  MDX1R1(NR1) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R1(NR1) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R1(NR1) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R1(NR1) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R1(NR1) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R1(NR1) = MSX3(I)
ELSE IF (MIS(I).GE.XMEAN-SD) THEN
  NR2      = NR2 + 1
  MDX1R2(NR2) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R2(NR2) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R2(NR2) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R2(NR2) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R2(NR2) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R2(NR2) = MSX3(I)
ELSE
  NR3      = NR3 + 1
  MDX1R3(NR3) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R3(NR3) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R3(NR3) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R3(NR3) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R3(NR3) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R3(NR3) = MSX3(I)

```

```

END IF
CONTINUE

```

```

30
C----- SET STAND-IN VARIABLES TO BE EQUAL TO ZERO BEFORE SUMMATION -----
C-----

```

```

U1      = 0.
U11     = 0.
U12     = 0.
U13     = 0.
U2      = 0.
U21     = 0.
U22     = 0.
U23     = 0.
U3      = 0.
U31     = 0.
U32     = 0.
U33     = 0.
SU1     = 0.
SU11    = 0.
SU12    = 0.
SU13    = 0.

```



SU2 = 0.  
 SU21 = 0.  
 SU22 = 0.  
 SU23 = 0.  
 SU3 = 0.  
 SU31 = 0.  
 SU32 = 0.  
 SU33 = 0.

-----  
 C----- SUMMATION THE DIFFERENCE OF MISSING DATA AND VALUE FROM -----  
 C----- ESTIMATORS AND THERE SQUARE BY CLASSIFYING EACH DATA REGIONS -----  
 C-----

60 DD 60 NN = 1, NR  
 U1 = U1 + MDX1(NN)  
 U2 = U2 + MDX2(NN)  
 U3 = U3 + MDX3(NN)  
 SU1 = SU1 + MSX1(NN)  
 SU2 = SU2 + MSX2(NN)  
 SU3 = SU3 + MSX3(NN)  
 60 CONTINUE  
 DD 61 N1 = 1, NR1  
 U11 = U11 + MDX1R1(N1)  
 U12 = U12 + MDX2R1(N1)  
 U13 = U13 + MDX3R1(N1)  
 SU11 = SU11 + MSX1R1(N1)  
 SU12 = SU12 + MSX2R1(N1)  
 SU13 = SU13 + MSX3R1(N1)  
 61 CONTINUE  
 DD 62 N2 = 1, NR2  
 U21 = U21 + MDX1R2(N2)  
 U22 = U22 + MDX2R2(N2)  
 U23 = U23 + MDX3R2(N2)  
 SU21 = SU21 + MSX1R2(N2)  
 SU22 = SU22 + MSX2R2(N2)  
 SU23 = SU23 + MSX3R2(N2)  
 62 CONTINUE  
 DD 63 N3 = 1, NR3  
 U31 = U31 + MDX1R3(N3)  
 U32 = U32 + MDX2R3(N3)  
 U33 = U33 + MDX3R3(N3)  
 SU31 = SU31 + MSX1R3(N3)  
 SU32 = SU32 + MSX2R3(N3)  
 SU33 = SU33 + MSX3R3(N3)

63 CONTINUE

-----  
 C----- SUBSTITUTE THE VALUE OF STAND-IN VARIABLES TO BE -----  
 C----- NEW VARIABLES FOR RECALLING THE OTHER COMMANDS -----  
 C-----

SUM1(1) = U1  
 SUM1(11) = U11  
 SUM1(2) = U12  
 SUM1(3) = U13  
 SUM2(1) = U2  
 SUM2(11) = U21  
 SUM2(2) = U22  
 SUM2(3) = U23  
 SUM3(1) = U3  
 SUM3(11) = U31  
 SUM3(2) = U32  
 SUM3(3) = U33  
 SSQ(1) = SU1  
 SSQ1(1) = SU11  
 SSQ1(2) = SU12  
 SSQ1(3) = SU13  
 SSQ(2) = SU2  
 SSQ2(1) = SU21  
 SSQ2(2) = SU22  
 SSQ2(3) = SU23  
 SSQ(3) = SU3  
 SSQ3(1) = SU31  
 SSQ3(2) = SU32  
 SSQ3(3) = SU33

```

WRITE(6,70)
WRITE(6,71) N,RHO
70  FORMAT(//2X,40('***-'))
71  FORMAT(//140,'*** MIS = 1 ; N = ',I2,' ; RHO = ',F4.1,' ***'/
*      T40,13('---')//)
C-----
C----- GET THE AVERAGE OF THE SUMMATION OF DIFFERENCE DATA AND -----
C----- THERE SQUARE BY DIVIDING THE NUMBERS OF MISSING DATA -----
C----- IN EACH DATA REGIONS AND PRINT -----
C-----
DO 80 K = 1,3
WRITE(6,81)
AVERS = SUM(K)/NR
AVERS1 = SUM1(K)/NR1
AVERS2 = SUM2(K)/NR2
AVERS3 = SUM3(K)/NR3
AVERQ = SSQ(K)/NR
AVERQ1 = SSQ1(K)/NR1
AVERQ2 = SSQ2(K)/NR2
AVERQ3 = SSQ3(K)/NR3
WRITE(6,82) K,AVERS1,AVERQ1,AVERS2,AVERQ2
WRITE(6,83)
WRITE(6,84) AVERS3,AVERQ3,AVERS,AVERQ
80  CONTINUE
C-----
C----- PRINT NUMBERS OF MISSING DATA IN EACH DATA REGIONS -----
C-----
WRITE(6,85) NR1,NR2,NR3,NR
81  FORMAT(//12X,'EST.NO.',T32,'MDD.REG1',T53,'MDS.REG1',T74,'MDD.REG2'
*      ,T95,'MDS.REG2')
82  FORMAT(//15X,I1,2X,4(3X,F18.4)/)
83  FORMAT(//T32,'MDD.REG3',T53,'MDS.REG3',T74,'MDD.TOT',T95,'MDS.TOT')
84  FJRMAT(//18X,4(3X,F18.4)/2X,40('---')//)
85  FORMAT(//T32,'REGION1 N = ',I4,T53,'REGION2 N = ',I4,T74,'REGION3 N =
*      ,I4,T95,'TOTAL = ',I5//2X,40('***-')/2X,40('***-')//)
100 CONTINUE
STOP
END
C----- SUBROUTINE NORMAL -----
SUBROUTINE NORMAL (RNN1,RNN2)
COMMON IA
10  CALL RANDOM (IA,IY,RN)
V1 = 2.*RN-1.
CALL RANDOM (IA,IY,RN)
V2 = 2.*RN-1.
S = V1*V1+V2*V2
IF (S.GE.1.) GOTO 10
RNN1 = V1*SQRT ((-2.*ALOG(S))/S)
RNN2 = V2*SQRT ((-2.*ALOG(S))/S)
RETURN
END
C----- SUBROUTINE RANDUM -----
SUBROUTINE RANDUM(IX,IY,RN)
COMMON IA
IY = IX+65539
IF (IY) 10,20,20
10  IY = IY+2147483647+1
20  RN = IY
RN = RN*.4656613E-9
IX = IY
IA = IX
RETURN
END

```

```

-----
NUMBER OF MISSING DATA = 2, N=10 AND RHO=0.2, 0.4 & 0.6
-----

DIMENSION MDX1(8000), MDX2(8000), MDX3(8000), MSX1(8000), MSX2(8000),
*          MSX3(8000), MDX1R1(2300), MDX1R2(4200), MDX1R3(2300),
*          MDX2R1(2300), MDX2R2(4200), MDX2R3(2300), MDX3R1(2300),
*          MDX3R2(4200), MDX3R3(2300), MSX1R1(2300), MSX1R2(4200),
*          MSX1R3(2300), MSX2R1(2300), MSX2R2(4200), MSX2R3(2300),
*          MSX3R1(2300), MSX3R2(4200), MSX3R3(2300), MX(15), MY(15),
*          SUM(3), SUM1(3), SUM2(3), SUM3(3), MIS(2)
DDOUBLE PRECISION SSQ(3), SSQ1(3), SSQ2(3), SSQ3(3)
COMMON IA
N          = 10
DO 100 RHO = 0.2, 0.4, 0.6
IA         = 65539
NR1        = 0
NR2        = 0
NR3        = 0
NR         = 4000
NR0        = 8000
DO 30 I    = 1, NR
XSUM       = 0.
YSUM       = 0.
XY         = 0.
SSQY       = 0.

C-----
C----- SET SAMPLE SIZE BY THE RANDOMING VARIABLES FROM THE
C----- BIVARIATE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION WITH THE CORRELATION
C----- COEFFICIENT BEING EQUAL TO "RHO"
C-----
C-----
DO 10 I1   = 1, N
CALL NORMAL(Y1, Y2)
YY1        = 10*Y1+500
YY0        = 500+RHO*(YY1-500)+SQRT(100-100*RHO**2)*Y2
MX1        = YY1
MY1        = YY0
MX(I1)     = 2*YY1 - MX1
MY(I1)     = 2*YY0 - MY1
IF(I1.EQ.N/2+1) MIS(1) = MX(I1)
IF(I1.EQ.N)   MIS(2) = MX(I1)
XSUM       = XSUM + MX(I1)
YSUM       = YSUM + MY(I1)
XY         = XY + MX(I1)*MY(I1)
SSQY       = SSQY + MY(I1)**2
10 CONTINUE

C-----
C----- MEAN AND STANDARD DEVIATION OF SAMPLING MEAN
C-----
C-----
XSUM2      = XSUM - MIS(1)-MIS(2)
XMEAN      = XSUM2/(N-2)
SSD        = 0.
DO 20 I2   = 1, N
IF(I2.EQ.N/2+1) GOTO 20
IF(I2.EQ.N/2) GOTO 20
SSD        = SSD + (MX(I2) - XMEAN)**2
20 CONTINUE
SD         = SQRT(SSD/(N-2))

C-----
C----- ESTIMATED BY SAMPLING MEAN
C-----
C-----
MNI        = XMEAN
MEAN       = 2*XMEAN-MNI
MDX1(I)    = MIS(1)-MEAN
MDX1(NR+I) = MIS(2)-MEAN
MSX1(I)    = MDX1(I)**2
MSX1(NR+I) = MDX1(NR+I)**2

C-----
C----- ESTIMATED BY REGRESSION EQUATION
C-----
C-----
XMEAN2     = XMEAN
YMEAN2     = (YSUM-MY(N/2+1)-MY(N))/(N-2)

```

```

XY2      = XY-MX(N/2+1)*MY(N/2+1)-MX(N)*MY(N)
SSQY2    = SSQY-MY(N/2+1)**2-MY(N)**2
VARD1    = XY2-(N-2)*YMEAN2*XMEAN2
VARD2    = SSQY2-(N-2)*YMEAN2**2
D1LS     = VARD1/VARD2
DOLS     = XMEAN2-D1LS*YMEAN2
XILS1    = DOLS+D1LS*MY(N/2+1)
XILS2    = DOLS+D1LS*MY(N)
ILS1     = XILS1
ILS2     = XILS2
LS1      = 2*XILS1-ILS1
LS2      = 2*XILS2-ILS2
MDX2(I)  = MIS(1)-LS1
MSX2(I)  = MDX2(I)**2
MDX2(NR+I) = MIS(2)-LS2
MSX2(NR+I) = MDX2(NR+I)**2

```

```

C----- ESTIMATED BY MEAN OF SAMPLING MEAN AND REGRESSION EQUATION -----
C-----

```

```

XMEAN3   = (XSUM2+2*XMEAN)/N
YMEAN3   = YSUM/N
XY3      = XY2+XMEAN*(MY(N/2+1)+MY(N))
D1LS     = (XY3-N*YMEAN3*XMEAN3)/(SSQY-N*YMEAN3**2)
DOLS     = XMEAN3-D1LS*YMEAN3
XJLS1    = DOLS+D1LS*MY(N/2+1)
XJLS2    = DOLS+D1LS*MY(N)
JLS1     = (XMEAN+XJLS1)/2.
JLS2     = (XMEAN+XJLS2)/2.
MSR1     = (XMEAN+XJLS1)-JLS1
MSR2     = (XMEAN+XJLS2)-JLS2
MDX3(I)  = MIS(1)-MSR1
MSX3(I)  = MDX3(I)**2
MDX3(NR+I) = MIS(2)-MSR2
MSX3(NR+I) = MDX3(NR+I)**2

```

```

C----- CLASSIFY THE MISSING DATA INTO THREE DATA REGIONS BY -----
C----- USING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIONS ,FIRSTLY THE MISSING DATA -----
C----- IS GREATER THAN THE MEAN PLUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION -----
C----- ,SECONDLY IT IS BETWEEN OR EQUAL TO THE MEAN MINUS AND -----
C----- PLUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION AND ,LASTLY IT IS LESS THAN -----
C----- THE MEAN MINUS ONE STANDARD DEVIATION -----
C-----

```

```

IF (MIS(1).GT.XMEAN+SD) THEN
  NR1      = NR1 + 1
  MDX1R1(NR1) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R1(NR1) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R1(NR1) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R1(NR1) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R1(NR1) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R1(NR1) = MSX3(I)
ELSE IF (MIS(1).GE.XMEAN-SD) THEN
  NR2      = NR2 + 1
  MDX1R2(NR2) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R2(NR2) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R2(NR2) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R2(NR2) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R2(NR2) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R2(NR2) = MSX3(I)
ELSE
  NR3      = NR3 + 1
  MDX1R3(NR3) = MDX1(I)
  MSX1R3(NR3) = MSX1(I)
  MDX2R3(NR3) = MDX2(I)
  MSX2R3(NR3) = MSX2(I)
  MDX3R3(NR3) = MDX3(I)
  MSX3R3(NR3) = MSX3(I)
END IF
IF (MIS(2).GT.XMEAN+SD) THEN
  NR1      = NR1 + 1
  MDX1R1(NR1) = MDX1(I+NR)
  MSX1R1(NR1) = MSX1(I+NR)
  MDX2R1(NR1) = MDX2(I+NR)
  MSX2R1(NR1) = MSX2(I+NR)
  MDX3R1(NR1) = MDX3(I+NR)
  MSX3R1(NR1) = MSX3(I+NR)

```

```

ELSE IF (MIS(2).GE.XMEAN-SD) THEN
  NR2 = NR2 + 1
  MDX1R2(NR2) = MDX1(I+NR)
  MSX1R2(NR2) = MSX1(I+NR)
  MDX2R2(NR2) = MDX2(I+NR)
  MSX2R2(NR2) = MSX2(I+NR)
  MDX3R2(NR2) = MDX3(I+NR)
  MSX3R2(NR2) = MSX3(I+NR)
ELSE
  NR3 = NR3 + 1
  MDX1R3(NR3) = MDX1(I+NR)
  MSX1R3(NR3) = MSX1(I+NR)
  MDX2R3(NR3) = MDX2(I+NR)
  MSX2R3(NR3) = MSX2(I+NR)
  MDX3R3(NR3) = MDX3(I+NR)
  MSX3R3(NR3) = MSX3(I+NR)
END IF
30 CONTINUE
C-----
C----- SET STAND-IN VARIABLES TO BE EQUAL TO ZERO BEFORE SUMMATION -----
C-----
U1 = 0.
U11 = 0.
U12 = 0.
U13 = 0.
U2 = 0.
U21 = 0.
U22 = 0.
U23 = 0.
U3 = 0.
U31 = 0.
U32 = 0.
U33 = 0.
SU1 = 0.
SU11 = 0.
SU12 = 0.
SU13 = 0.
SU2 = 0.
SU21 = 0.
SU22 = 0.
SU23 = 0.
SU3 = 0.
SU31 = 0.
SU32 = 0.
SU33 = 0.
C-----
C----- SUMMATION THE DIFFERENCE OF MISSING DATA AND VALUE FROM -----
C----- ESTIMATORS AND THERE SQUARE BY CLASSIFYING EACH DATA REGIONS -----
C-----
DO 60 NO = 1, NRO
  U1 = U1 + MDX1(NO)
  U2 = U2 + MDX2(NO)
  U3 = U3 + MDX3(NO)
  SU1 = SU1 + MSX1(NO)
  SU2 = SU2 + MSX2(NO)
  SU3 = SU3 + MSX3(NO)
60 CONTINUE
DO 61 N1 = 1, NR1
  U11 = U11 + MDX1R1(N1)
  U12 = U12 + MDX2R1(N1)
  U13 = U13 + MDX3R1(N1)
  SU11 = SU11 + MSX1R1(N1)
  SU12 = SU12 + MSX2R1(N1)
  SU13 = SU13 + MSX3R1(N1)
61 CONTINUE
DO 62 N2 = 1, NR2
  U21 = U21 + MDX1R2(N2)
  U22 = U22 + MDX2R2(N2)
  U23 = U23 + MDX3R2(N2)
  SU21 = SU21 + MSX1R2(N2)
  SU22 = SU22 + MSX2R2(N2)
  SU23 = SU23 + MSX3R2(N2)
62 CONTINUE

```

```

DO 63 N3 = 1, NR3
  U31 = U31 + MDX1R3(N3)
  U32 = U32 + MDX2R3(N3)
  U33 = U33 + MDX3R3(N3)
  SU31 = SU31 + MSX1R3(N3)
  SU32 = SU32 + MSX2R3(N3)
  SU33 = SU33 + MSX3R3(N3)

```

63 CONTINUE

```

C-----
C----- SUBSTITUTE THE VALUE OF STAND-IN VARIABLES TO BE
C----- NEW VARIABLES FOR RECALLING THE OTHER COMMANDS
C-----
C-----

```

```

SUM(1) = U1
SUM1(1) = U11
SUM1(2) = U12
SUM1(3) = U13
SUM(2) = U2
SUM2(1) = U21
SUM2(2) = U22
SUM2(3) = U23
SUM(3) = U3
SUM3(1) = U31
SUM3(2) = U32
SUM3(3) = U33
SSQ(1) = SU1
SSQ1(1) = SU11
SSQ1(2) = SU12
SSQ1(3) = SU13
SSQ(2) = SU2
SSQ2(1) = SU21
SSQ2(2) = SU22
SSQ2(3) = SU23
SSQ(3) = SU3
SSQ3(1) = SU31
SSQ3(2) = SU32
SSQ3(3) = SU33

```

WRITE(6,70)

WRITE(6,71) N, RHO

70 FORMAT(2X,40('\*\*\*'))

71 FORMAT(//T40,'\*\*\* MIS = 2 ; N = ',I2,' ; RHO = ',F4.1,' \*\*\*'/  
\* T40,I3('---')//)

```

C-----
C----- GET THE AVERAGE OF THE SUMMATION OF DIFFERENCE DATA AND
C----- THERE SQUARE BY DIVIDING THE NUMBERS OF MISSING DATA
C----- IN EACH DATA REGIONS AND PRINT
C-----
C-----

```

```

DO 80 K = 1,3
  WRITE(6,81)
  AVERS = SUM(K)/NRO
  AVERS1 = SUM1(K)/NR1
  AVERS2 = SUM2(K)/NR2
  AVERS3 = SUM3(K)/NR3
  AVERQ = SSQ(K)/NRO
  AVERQ1 = SSQ1(K)/NR1
  AVERQ2 = SSQ2(K)/NR2
  AVERQ3 = SSQ3(K)/NR3
  WRITE(6,82) K, AVERS1, AVERQ1, AVERS2, AVERQ2
  WRITE(6,83)
  WRITE(6,84) AVERS3, AVERQ3, AVERS, AVERQ
80 CONTINUE

```

```

C-----
C----- PRINT NUMBERS OF MISSING DATA IN EACH DATA REGIONS
C-----
C-----

```

```

WRITE(6,85) NR1, NR2, NR3, NRO
81 FORMAT(12X, 'EST.NO.', T32, 'MDD.REG1', T53, 'MDS.REG1', T74, 'MDD.REG2',
* T95, 'MDS.REG2')
82 FORMAT(15X, I1, 2X, 4(3X, F18.4) //)
83 FORMAT(T32, 'MDD.REG3', T53, 'MDS.REG3', T74, 'MDD.TOT', T95, 'MDS.TOT')
84 FORMAT(18X, 4(3X, F18.4) / 2X, 40('---') //)
85 FORMAT(//T32, 'REGION1 N = ', I4, T53, 'REGION2 N = ', I4, T74, 'REGION3 N =
*' , I4, T95, 'TOTAL = ', I5 / 2X, 40('***') / 2X, 40('***') //)
100 CONTINUE
STOP
END

```

ประวัติผู้เขียน

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