CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION



Let a group $G = \bigcup G_K$ be the irredundant union of its subgroups G_K (as define in Preliminaries). For convenience, let $\mathcal{N}(I)$ be the cardinality of I. The main purpose of this thesis is to characterize such groups. In Chapter III, we study the general case and obtain many interesting results as well as the case $\mathcal{N}(I) = 2$, where no group can be an irredundant union of its two subgroups. In case $\mathcal{N}(I) = 3$, it is shown that a group G is an irredundant union of three of its subgroups if and only if it can be mapped homomorphically onto the abelian group $G_2 \times G_2$, the Klein 4-group, where G_n denotes the cyclic group of order n. Moreover, in Chapter V, we also generalize the Klein 4-group, by letting V_n be the

$$V_n = C_2 \times C_2 \times \dots \times C_2$$
 (n times),

and study the groups which can be mapped homomorphically onto the abelian group $\mathbf{V_n}$.

abelian group such that

We also consider fields which are irredundant unions of their subfields in Chapter VI.

Finally, we study relationships between direct sums and irredundant unions of groups in Chapter VII.