CHAPTER VII

RESULTS

One hundred forty AHW were included in this study who has been working in both hill and terai health post in the central development region of Nepal. The selected district in hill areas were Kathmandu, Patan, Bhaktapur, Dhading, Kabre, Nuwakot, Makawanpur, and selected district in terai were Rautahat, Dhanusa, Chitawan, Mahotari, and Sarlahi. The total number of AHW were 106 but 70 were accessible. In terai total number of AHW were 104 but 70 were selected for research purpose.

Table 7.1

Title: Duration of work

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about duration of work.

Duration of work	Hil	Hill		TERAI		
in years	Number	%	Number	%		
below 1 year	16	22.9 22.9	9	12.9	25	
6 - 10 11 - 15	16 10 18	14.2 25.7	17	24.3	27	
16 above	10	14.3	8	11.4	18	

Total 70 100. 70 100. 140

Table 7.2
Title: Percentage of CMA graduation

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about percentage of CMA graduation.

Percentage of CMA	Hill		Terai	Terai		
graduation	Number	%	Number	%		
Below = 50% 51 - 60 % 61 - 70 % 71 - 80 % 81 - above	18 7 26 14 5	22.7 10.0 37.1 20.0 7.1	12 13 34 11 0	17.1 18.0 48.6 15.7	30 20 60 25 5	
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140	

Table 7.3
Title: Graduation from different program

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA graduation from different program.

AHW graduation from different	Hill		Terai	Total
program	Number	%	Number %	
1) CMA One year	53	75.7	62 88.6	115
2) AHW two year	17	24.3	8 11.4	25

Total 70 100. 70 100. 140

Table 7.4
Title: Average number of cases in a day

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about average number of cases in a day last year.

Average number of	Hill		Те	Total	
cases in a	Number	%	Number	%	Number
< - 20	31	44.3	15	21.4	46
21 - 40	23	32.9	20	28.6	4.3
41 - 60	15	21.4	10	14.3	25
61 - above	1	1.4	25	35.7	26
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140

Table 7.5

Title: Average number of patient examination by CMA

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about average number of patient examination by CMA.

Average number of patient examination	Hill		Terai		Total
patrent examination	Number	%	Number	%	
< 10	24	34.3	10	14.3	34
11 20	23	32.9	17	24.3	40
21 30	13	18.6	19	27.1	32
31 above	10	14.3	24	34.3	34
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140

Table 7.6
Title: Supervision by health post in-charge

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about supervision by health post in-charge.

Supervision by health post in-	HI	HILL		TERAI		
charge	Number	%	Number	%		
None	42	60.0	32	45.7	74	
1 - 3	18	25.7	19	27.1	37	
4 - 6	5	7.1	7	10.0	12	
7 - 8	5	7.1	12	17.1	17	
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140	

Table 7.7
Title: Supervision by district

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA about supervision by district.

Supervision by district	Н	HILL		TERAI	
district	Number	%	Number	%	
None 1 - 3 4 - 6	26 32 11	37.1 45.7 15.7	15 40 10	21.4 57.1 14.3	4 1 7 2 2 1
7 - above	1	1.4	5	7.1	6
total	70	100.	70	100.	140

Table 7.8
Title: Supervision by region

Number and percentage of hill and terai CMA about supervision by region.

Supervision by region	HIL	HILL		TERAI		
region	Number	%	Number	%		
None 1 - 3 4 - 6	39 29 2	55.7 41.4 2.9	53 15 2	75.7 21.4 2.9	92 44 4	
total	70	100.	70	100.	140	

Table 7.9
Title: Supervision by center

Number and percentage of hill and terai CMA about supervision by center.

Supervision by center	HII	HILL		TERAI	
by center	Number	%	Number	%	
None 1 - 3 4 - 6	62	88.6 11.4	5 3 1 3 4	75.7 18.6 5.7	115 21 4
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140

Table 7.10
Title: Refresher training

Number and percentage of hill and terai CMA about refresher training

Refresher training received	HI	HILL		TERAI	
10001700	Number	%	Number	%	
Nana	22	22.0	1.0	1.4.2	22
None 1 - 3	23	32.9	10	14.3	33
4 - 6 7 - above	10	14.3	12 29	17.1	22 43
Total	70	100.	70	100.	140

The data of CMA working in hill and terai health post were analyzed in percentage. Table No 1 shows that the duration of work in hill areas were below one year (22.9%) where as terai had (12.9%). It shows that the newly trained CMA was appointed in the hill areas. After getting more experience they wanted to work in terai region because of more convenient than hill.

Table Number 2 shows that the percentage of CMA graduation below 50% in hill (22.7%) where as terai has (17.1%) among the 30 CMA In margin 61-70 % of CMA graduation (37.1%) in hill whereas terai has (48.6%) among 60 CMA. It shows that higher percentage were staying in terai. But average percentage of CMA graduation the hill has (20.0) and the terai has (15.7) respectively.

Table Number 3 shows that one year course program in CMA in hill has (75.7%) whereas terai has (88.6%). Two year

program in AHW (auxiliary health worker) in hill has (24.3%) whereas terai has (11.4%) among 25 AHW.

Table number 4 shows that the average no of cases in a day last year, less than 20(44.3%) in hill whereas 21.4% in terai among 46. It means that the hill has low patient load. The table shows that the more patient load in the terai health post.

Table Number 5 shows that the average number of patient examination by CMA less than 10 has more in hill where as terai has (14.3%) among the 34 CMA. Above 31 patient examination by CMA has (14.3%) in hill whereas (34.3%) in terai. It shows that terai has more work load than the hill.

The data of table number 6 shows that the supervision by health post in-charge of CMA in hill was 60.0% and in terai was (45.7%) respectively.

The data of table number 7 shows that the supervision by district of CMA in hill was 37.1% and in terai was (21.4%) respectively.

The data of table number 8 shows that the supervision by region of CMA in hill was 55.7% and in terai was (75.7%) respectively.

The data of table number 9 shows that the supervision by center of CMA in hill was 88.6% and in terai was (75.7%) 163 respectively.

The data on table No 10 show that the health workers in terai got more refresher training courses than those in hill the course offered for 7 times and more was evident on the survey; 41.4% of health workers in the terai participated while only 20% from the hill were able to attend the refresher training courses.

Regarding supervision the data shows that there were less supervision from top to bottom. If supervision is less there may be less work performance out come. Lack of intersectional supervision there may not be intersectional cooperation and coordination. The supervision plan should be formulated from the central and implemented up to the grassroots level.

Table 7.11 Title: Chi square

Significance result from chi squire statistics in each performance between terai and hill CMA.

Performance area	% of p	erformance	x ²	p.value
	Hill N=70	Terai N= 70		
HISTORY TAKING				
- Location	81.42	95.71	7.01	.008
-Taking medicine	51.42	91.42	27.24	.000
- How long have you				
been taking them	51.14	91.42	21.38	.00
-Allergic	34.28	65.71	13.73	.000
- Hypertension	24.28	45.71	7.01	.000
- Tuberculosis	42.85	61.42	4.80	.028
-Head ache	64.28	87.14	9.87	.001
-Nose	35.71	54.28	4.84	.027
-Mouth	60.00	91.40	18.67	.000
-Lungs	57.14	81.42	9.63	.001
-Heart	41.42	62.85	6.39	.011
-Ulcer	35.71	71.42	17.82	.000
-Travel out side				
the country	32.85	51.42	4.92	.026
-Alcohol	54.28	74.28	6.05	.013
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
-Inspection of lower			į	
eye lid for paleness,				
yellowness of eye or				
any inflammation or				
discharge	78.57	100.	16.68	.000
Inspect of mouth for				
tonsil, pharynx, nasal,				
dental carries, and				790
tongue for anaemia	65.71	94.28	17.72	.000
-Inspect the chest for				
deformity	44.28	70.	9.38	.002
-Inspection of ear by				
otoscope	28.57	45.71	4.37	.036
	1			1

Table 7.12 Title: Chi square

Significance result from Chi squire statistics in each performance between terai and hill CMA.

Performance area	% of performance		X ² P	-value
4.	Hill N=70	Terai N=70	-	
PALPATION - Palpation to check enlarge lymph nodes Palpation of the chest wall (for changes	57.14	78.57	7.31	.006
in the (lungs) -Palpation of liver	35.71 52.85	52.85 77.14	4.13 9.00	.041
AUSCULTATION -Auscultation of	32.83	//.14	9.00	.002
infront lungs -Auscultation of	80.00	94.28	6.32	.011
back of the chest	57.14	72.85	3.77	.052
-Auscultation of heart	47.14	82.85	19.48	.000
-Auscultation of abdomen MEASUREMENT OF BLOOD PRESSURE -Ask the patient's have you ever had your blood pressure taken	35.71	84.28	14.69 27.95	.000
-Rolls up sleeve of patie- nt's garment so no materi al will be under the cuff -Applies the cuff placing	74.28	92.85	8.72	.003
the balloon over the area of the artery Inflates the cuff 140mm above pre-estimated systo-	88.57	97.14	3.84	.049
lic fossa -Deflates the cuff slowly	84.28 80.00	95.71 92.85	5.04 4.89	.024

Table 7.13
Title: Chi square
Significance result from chi squire statistics in each performance between terai and hill CMA.

Performance area	% perf	ormance	x ² P	-value
	70 PCTTC		A 1	varue
	Hill N=70	Terai N= 70		
-Records ausculator blood pressure	82.85	94.28	4.48	.034
-Establish rapport with patient	71.42	91.42	9.19	.002
-Clarity of language (speak with audible clear voice)	64.28	80.00	4.2	.038
-Systemic (logical sequence of ideas INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTION	47.14	77.14	13.2	.000
-Check kardex -Insert sterile needle at	85.71	97.14	5.7	.016
an angle of 90.degree for intramuscular injection Stapes the procedure appropri	60.00	92.85	20.8	.000
ately to tolerance of patient -Response to the patient's	54.28	82.85	13.16	.000
reaction EVALUATION OF JOB DESCRIPTION OF CMA	71.42	85.71	4.21	.040
-On an average how many patient you have dealt with in a month -Do you give Malaria health service from this health post	24.28	47.14	7.90	.004
a Malaria? -Do you conduct tuberculosis	54.28	72.86	5.18	.022
clinic?	41.43	57.57	4.08	.043
-Do you conduct leprosy clinic? -Do you have the list of drop	27.14	54.29	10.61	.001
out cases of them? -Do you provide supervision to the village health worker	35.71	60.00	8.21	.004
regarding their work in diarrhoea	52.86	72.86	5.95	.014
Supervision by district officer ,, regional ,, Radio listening	62.9 45.7 42.9	78.6 25.71 60.00	4.14 6.04 4.09	

Table 7.14 Multiple logistic regression:

Logistic regression analysis is helpful in ascertaining the probable form of the relationship between variables, usually is to predict the value of one variable corresponding to a given value of another variable. The logistic model for the probable of outcome yields value that one always zero and one.

Total population = 140

variables	coefficient	sem	z	P-value
1) supervision by a) health post incharge 1=0, >2=1	.3882	.6584	. 3477	.5554
b) district 1=0, >2=1	2.1428	.9536	5.0490	.0246
c) region 1=0, >2=1	-1.2625	.8984	1.9748	.1599
d) center 1=0, >2=1 2) refresher training	-1.2849	.8648	2.2077	.1373
received 0=n, 1=y	.4120	.6831	.3638	.5464
3) Duration of work <48=0, >49=1	.7409	.5673	1.7058	.1915
4) Percentage of CMA graduation <50=0, >51=1	.3974	.8147	.2379	.6257

Dependent variable: % of performance

Total population =140 (table 7.14 continue)

variables	Z	odd ratio	95 % C-I
1) supervision by a) health post incharge 1=0, >2=1	.3477	1.4744	0.406 - 5.0357
b) district 1=0, >2=1	5.0490	8.5229	1.3148-55.2263
c) region 1=0, >2=1	1.9748	. 2829	0.0487-1.6459
d) center 1=0, >2=1 2) refresher training	2.2077	.2767	0.0508-1.5069
received 0=n, 1=y	.3638	1.5099	0.3958-5.7586
3) Duration of work <48=0, >49=1	1.7058	2.0979	0.690 -6.376
4)% Of CMA graduation <50=0, >51=1	.2379	.6721	0.1.36-3.31
Constant	5.8676		

Analysis :-

Logistic regression analysis to predict the strength of association between the dependent and independent variables. The best method for to analyze this relationship was the logistic regression. The dependent variable and independent variable both were dichotomous and continuous data. Five predictor variables were included to see the probable form of relationship.

Table 7.15 Title: T. test

The following items are the mean score of both hill and terai CMA.

Variable	Number	mean	sem	p-value
duration of work	hill 70 terai 70	8.4417 9.4184	.673 .708	.319
percentage of CMA graduation	hill 70 terai 70	52.4960 54.1284	3.420 2.919	.717
Refresher training	hill 70 terai 70	2.2143 2.9000	.133	.001

Test of significance from T. test.

Table 7.16

Title: History taking

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA who received 60% cut off point regarding history taking in 22 items.

GROUP	EQUAL AND ABOVE 60%	BELOW 60%	TOTAL	P-VALUE
HILL	23 (32.9%)	47 (67.1%)	70 (100)%	0.010
TERAI	38 (54.3%)	32 (45.7%)	70 (100)%	
			<u> </u>	

Table 7.17

Title: Physical examination

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA who received 60% cut off point regarding physical examination in 15 items.

GROUP	EQUAL and ABOVE 60%	BELOW 60%	TOTAL %	P-VALUE
HILL	25 (35.7%)	45 (64.3%)	70(100)%	0.7227
TERAI	38 (54.3%)	32 (45.7%)	70(100)%	

Table 7.18

Title: Blood pressure

Number percentage of both hill and terai AHW who received 60% cut off point regarding blood pressure examination in 10 items.

GROUP	EQUAL and ABOVE 60%	BELOW 60%	TOTAL	P-VALUE
HILL	48 (68.57%)	22 (31.43%)	70 100%	0.0002
TERAI	65 (95.86%)	5 (7.14%)	70 100%	

Table 7.19

Title: Intramuscular injection

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA who received 60% cut off point regarding intra muscular injection in 11 items.

GROUP	EQUAL and ABOVE 60%	BELOW 60%	TOTAL	P-VALUE
HILL	65 (92.90%)	5 (7.1 %)	70 (100)%	0.4680
TERAI	67 (96.3 %)	3 (5.7%)	70 (100)%	

Table 7.20 Title: Job description of CMA

Number and percentage of both hill and terai AHW who received 60% cut off point regarding job of CMA in 30 items.

GROUP	EQUAL AND ABOVE 60%	BELOW 60%	TOTAL	P-VALUE
HILL	17 (24.30%)	53 (75.7 %)	70(100)%	0.0009
TERAI	36 (51.4 %)	34 (48.6 %)	70(100)%	

Table 7.21

Title: Test of correlation

Test of correlation of the following items

correlations:	D1	P7	p7fr	p8	p10G
1.District(D1)	1.0000	1471	.1666	1973	1405
2.Read litera(p7)1471	1.0000	.2286*	.2394	* .0448
3.Read freq (p7f	r) .1666	. 2286	5*1.0000	.0000	.1228
4.Radio listen (p8)197	3* .2394	* .0000	1.0000	0537
5.Lack time (P10	g)1405	.0448	3 .1228	0537	1.0000
Correlation of t	he follow	ing items	S.		
Correlation	D1	p8fr	p10A	p10B	P10C
1.District (D1)	1.0000	.1689	0684	.113	. 0556
2.Read freq(p8fr).1689	1.0000	.0925	0702	0903
3.Equipment (P10A)0684	.0925	1.0000	. 230	7* .2131*
4.Building(P10B)	.1133	0702	.2307*	1.0000	.3253**
5.Transport(P10c) .0556	0903	.2131*	.3253	**1.0000
6.Many Pt(P10D)	0855	.0750	.1639	.0452	0214
7.Poor -					
communication(P1	OE)0985	.0648	.1321	.0625	.0471
8.Inadequate dru	gs(P10F).	000004	85 .4174	** .1022	. 1254

C	orrelations	P10D	P10E	P10F
1.	District (D1)	0855	0985	.0000
2.	Read freq(p8fr)	.0750	.0648	.0485
3.	Equipment (P10A)	.1639	.1321	.4179**
4.	Building(P10B)	.0452	.0625	.1022
5.	Transport(P10c)	0214	.0471	.1631
6.	Many Pt(P10D)	1.0000	.1835	.1254
7.	Poor communication(P10E	.1835	1.0000	.1187
8.	Inadequate drugs(P10F)	.1254	.1187	1.0000

Correlation measure the strength of the relationship between the two variables, It is desired to use the equation describing the relationship between the two variables for the purposes to estimate means.

P. may assume any value between -1 and +1. If P=1 There is a perfect direct liner co-relation between the two variables, while p= -1 indicates perfect inverse liner correlation If p=0 The two variables are not correlated.

Course curriculum of CMA

Number and percentage of both hill and terai CMA gave their attitude on relevant and adequate of the present curriculum to work in the health post situation.

* Note for abbreviations
Relevant:- v = very relevant , M = moderately relevant
Ir = irrelevant , 0 = no answer
Adequate:- V = very adequate , M = moderately adequate
In = inadequate , 0 = no answer

Table 7.21
Title: Health and health services in Nepal

Unit within	Region		Releva	ant		Row
sub subtitle		0	V	М	Irr	Total
A) Health and health services in Nepal	hill %	16 22.9	30 42.9	16 22.9	8 11.4	70 50.0
	terai %	9	44 62.9	17 24.3		70 50.0
	Total %	25 17.9	74 52.9	33 23.6	8 5.7	140

Table 7.22

Title: Health and health services in Nepal

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Adequate				Row
		0	v	М	in	10.41
a. Health and health services in Nepal	hill %	15 21.4	23 32.9	20 26.6	12	70 50.0
	terai %	9 12.9	34 48.6	22 31.4	5 7.1	70 50.0
	Total %	24 17.1	57 40.7	42	17 12.1	140

Table 7.23
Title: Health and health services in Nepal

Unit within Subtitle	Region	Studied		Row Total
a) health & health services in Nepal	hill %	16 22.9	54 77.1	70 50.0
	terai %	9 12.9	61 48.6	70 50.0
	Total %	25 17.9	115 82.1	140

The health and health service in Nepal course title shows that 17.9%(25) has not studied. 52.9%(74) said that the course was very relevant; 23.6%(33) said that the course was moderate relevant; 5.7%(8) said that the course was irrelevant. 40.7%(57) said that the course was very adequate; 30.0% (42)said that the course was moderate adequate; 12.1%(17) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.24
Title: Socio culture aspect of health and disesase

Unit within subtitle	Region	n Relevant				Row Total
		0	v	М	Ir	
b) Socio culture aspect of health and disease	hil! %	15 21.4	33 41.1	19 27.1	3 4.3	70 50.0
and discase	terai %	7	46 65.7	16 22.9	1 1.4	70.0
	Total %	22 15.7	79 56.4	35 25.0	4 2.9	140

Table 7.25
Title: Socio culture aspect of health and disesase

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Adeq	uate			Row
		0	V	М	In	
b. Socio culture aspect of health and disease	hill %	15 21.4	24 34.3	16 22.9	15 21.4	70 50.0
and discase	terai %	8 11.4	33 47.1	24 34.3	5 7.1	70 50.0
	Total	23	57 4 40 7	40	20	140

Table 7.26
Title: Socio culture aspect of health and disesase

Unit within subtitle	Region	Studied		Row Total
		0	1	
a. Socio culture aspect of health and disease	hill	14	56	70
	%	20.0	80.0	50.0
and disease	terai	7	63	70
	%	10.0	90.0	50.0
	Total	21	119	140
	%	15.0	85.0	100.0

The socio culture aspect of health and disease course title shows that 15% (21) has not studied. 56.4%(79) said that the course is very relevant; 25.4%(35) said that the course was moderate relevant; 2.9%(4) said that the course was irrelevant. 40.7%(57) said that the course was very adequate; 28.6(40) said that the course was moderate adequate; 14.3%(20) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.27
Title: Health post administration

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Rele	Relevant			
		0	V	M	In	Total
c. Health post administration	hill %	5 7.1	56 80.0	8 11.4	1 1 . 4	70 50.0
	terai %	7 10.4	50 71.4	13 18.6		70 50.0
	Total %	12 8.6	106 75.7	21	1 7	140

Table 7.28
Title: Health post administration

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Adeq	Row Total			
		0	V	M	In	
c. Health post administration	hill %	5 7.1	37 52.9	19 27.1	9 12.9	70 50.0
	terai %	7 10.0	41 58.6	18 25.7	4 5.7	70 50.0
	Total %	12 8.6	78 55.7	37 26.4	13	140

Table 7.29
Title: Health post administration

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1		Row Total
c. Health post administration	hill %	6 8.6	64 91.4	70 50.0
	terai %	7 10.0	63 90.0	70 50.0
	Total %	13	127	140

The health post administration course title shows that 9.3% (13) has not studied. 75.7% (106) said that the course was very relevant; 15.0% (21) said that the course was moderate relevant; 7% (1) said that the course was irrelevant. 55.7%(78) said that the course was very adequate; 26.4(37) said that the course was moderate adequate; 9.3% (13) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.30 Title: Community Health diagnosis

Unit within subtitle	Region	Relevant				row total
		0	V	М	In	
d. Community health diagnostic	hill %	14 20.0	40 57.1	14 20.0	2 2.9	70 50.0
	terai %	2 2.9	47 67.1	21 30.0		70 50.0
	Total %	16 11.4	87 62.1	35 25.0	2 1.4	140

Table 7.31
Title: Community Health diagnosis

Unit within subtitle	Region	Adequate -			row total	
*		0	V	М	In	
d. Community health diagnostic	hill %	14 2 .0	31 44.3	7 10.0	18 25.7	70 50.0
-	terai %	2 .9	41 58.6	26 37.1	1 1 . 4	70 50.0
	Total %	16 11.4	72 51.4	33 23.6	19 13.6	140

Table 7.32
Title: Community Health diagnosis

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1		Row Total
d. Community health diagnosis	hill %	14 8.6	56 91.4	70 50.0
	terai %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	Total %	16 11.4	124 88.6	140

The community health diagnosis course title shows that 11.4% (16) has not studied. 62.1%(87) said that the course was very relevant; 25.0%(35) said that the course was moderate relevant; 1.4%(2) said that the course was irrelevant. 51.4%(72) said that the course was very adequate; 23.6(33) said that the course was moderate adequate; 13.6%(19) said that the course was adequate.

Table 7..33
Title: Anatomy and physiology

Unit within subtitle	Region	Rele 0	vant V	M Ir	Row Total
a. Anatomy and physiology	hill	1 1 . 4	68 97.1	1 1 . 4	70 50.0
	terai		55 78.6	15 21.4	70 50.0
	Total %	1.7	123 87.9	16 11.4	140 100.

Table 7.34
Title: Anatomy and physiology

Unit within subtitle	Region	Adequ 0	ate V	M 1	[n	Row Total
a. Anatomy and physiology	hill %	1 1.4	21 30.0	17 24.3	31	70 50.0
	terai %	13 18.6	41 58.6	16 22.9		70 50.0
	Total %	1 7	34 24.3	58 41.4	47	140 .6 100

Table 7.35
Title: Anatomy and physiology

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1	Row Total
a. Anatomy and physiology	hill	70 100.0	70 50.0
	terai	70 100.0	70 50.0

total 140 140 % 99.3 100.0

The anatomy and physiology course title shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 87.9%(123) said that the course was very relevant; 11.4% (16) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 24.3% (34) said that the course was moderate adequate; 41.4 (58) said that the course was moderate adequate; 33.6% (47) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.36

Title: Pharmacology

Unit within	Region	Relevant				Row
subtitle		0	V	M	Ιr	Total
b. Pharmacology	hill %		68 97.1	2 2.9		70 50.0
	terai %		55 78.6	15 21.4		70 50
	Total %		123	17	. 1	140

Table 7.37

Title: Pharmacology

Unit within subtitle	Region	Adeq 0	uate V	М	In	Row Total
b. Pharmacology	hill %		15 21.4	20 28.6	35 50.0	70 50.0
	terai %		11 15.7	40 57.1	19 27.1	70 50.0
	Total %		26 18.6	60 42.9	54 38.	140 6 100 .0

Table 7.38

Title: Pharmacology

Unit within sub subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1	Row Total
b) Pharmacology	hill	70	70
	%	100.0	50.0
	terai	70	70
	%	100.0	50.0
	Total %	140	140

The pharmacology course title shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 87.9%(123) said that the course was very relevant; 12.1%(17) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 18.6%(26) said that the course was very adequate; 42.9(60) said that the course was moderate adequate; 38.6%(54) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.39
Title: Pharmacy

Unit within	Region	Region Relevant				
sub subtitle	_	0	V	M	Ιr	Total
b)Pharmacy	hill %	1 1 . 4	61 87.1	6 8.6	2 2.9	70 50.0
	terai %		56 80.0	14 20.0		70 50.0
	Total %	1.7	127 83.6	20 14.3	2 1.4	140

Table 7.40
Title: Pharmacy

Unit within	Region		Adequat	е		Row
subtitle		0	V	М	In	Total
b)Pharmacy	hill %	1 1.4	18 25.7	10 14.3	41 58.	70 50.0
*	Terai %	12	39 55.7	19 27.1	-3-	70 50
	total %	1 7	30	49 35.0	60	140

Table 7.41
Title: Pharmacy

Unit within subtitle	Region	!		Row Total
b) Pharmacy	hill %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total %	-	140	140

The pharmacy course title shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 83.6%(127) said that the course was very relevant; 14.3%(20) said that the course was moderate relevant; 1.4(2) said that the course was irrelevant. 21.4%(30) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.0(49) said that the course was moderate adequate; 42.9%(60) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.42
Title: Health education

Unit within 3 (1)	Region	_	Releva			Row
sub subtitle		0	V	M	Ir	Total
Health education	hill %		56 80.0	13 18.6	1 1.4	70 50.0
10	terai %		51 72.9	19 27.0		70 50
	Total %		107 76.4	32 22.9	. 7	140 100.0

Table 7.43
Title: Health education

Unit within 3(1)	Region -		Adequa	ate		Row
sub subtitle		0	V	M	In	Total
a)Health education	hill %		45 64.3	16 22.9	9 12.9	70 50.0
	terai %	1 . 4	39 55.7	26 37.1	4 5.7	70 50.0
	Total %	1 . 7	84 60.7	42 30.0	13	140

Table 7.44
Title: Health education

Unit within 3(1) sub subtitle	Region	Region Stud		Row Total
a) Health education	hill %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total %		140 100.0	140

The health education title shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 76.4%(107) said that the course was very relevant; 22.9%(32) said that the course was moderate relevant; .7(1) said that the course was irrelevant; 60.0%(84) said that the course was moderate; 9.3%(13) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.45
Title: School health

Unit within 3(1) sub subtitle	Region	R 6	elevant V	М	i i	Row Total
b) School health	hill %	12 17.1	40 57.1	13 18.6	5 7.1	70 50.0
	terai %	4 5.7	43 61.4	23 32.9		70 50
	Total %	16 11.4	83 59.3	36 25.7	5 3.6	140 100.0

Table 7.46
Title: School health

Unit within 3 (1) sub subtitle	Region	0	Ade V	quate M	In	Row Total
b) School health	hill %	12 17.1	30 42.9	15 21.4	13	70 50.0
	terai %	4 5.7	41 58.6	23 32.9	2 2 9	70 50.0
	Total % 1	16 1.4 5	71 0.7	38 27.1	15 10.7	140

Table 7.47
Title: School health

Unit within 3(1) sub subtitle	Region	S 1	tudied 1	Row Total
b)School health	hill	13	57	70
	%	18.6	81.4	50.0
	terai	4	66	70
	%	5.7	94.3	50.0
	Total %	17	123 87.9	140

The school health title shows that 12.1% (17) has not studied. 76.4%(107) said that the course was very relevant; 22.9%(32) said that the course was moderate relevant; .7(1) said that the course was irrelevant. 50.7%(71) said that the course was wery adequate; 27.1(38) said that the course was moderate adequate; 10.7%(15) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.48
Title: Epidemiology

Unit within 4 (11	Region		Rele	vant		Row
sub subtitle	_	0	V	M	Ιr	Total
a)Epidemiology	hill %	5 7.1	57 81.4	8.6	2 2.9	70 50 0
	terai %	1 1.4	55 78.6	13 18.6	1 1.4	70 50.0
	Total %	6 4.3	112 80.0	19 13.6	3 2.1	140 100.0

Table 7.49
Title: Epidemiology

Unit within 4(11) sub subtitle	Region	0	Adequa V	te M	In	Row Tota
a) Epidemiology	hill %	5 7.1	25 35.7	25 35.7	15 21.4	70 50.0
	terai %	2 2.9	30 42.9	34 48.6	5.7	70 50.5
	Total %	7 5.0	55 39.3	59 42.1	19 13.6	140

Table 7.50 Title: Epidemiology

Unit within 4(11)	Region	Stud	lied 1	Row total
a)Epidemiology	hill %	5 7.1	65 92.9	70 50.0
	terai %	1 1.4	69 98.6	70 5
	Total %	6 4.3	134	140

The epidemiology title shows that 4.3% (6) has not studied. 80.0%(112) said that the course was very relevant; 13.6%(19) said that the course was moderate relevant; 2.1(3) said that the course was irrelevant. 39.3%(55) said that the course was very adequate; 42.1(59) said that the course was moderate; 13.6%(19) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.51
Title: Communicable disease

Unit within 4(11) subtitle	Region	Relevant O V	M	Ir	Row Total
b) Communicable disease	hill %	66 94.3	5.7		70 50.0
	terai %	48 68.6	22 31.4		70 50.0
	Table %	114	26 18.6	1	140

Table 7.52
Title: Communicable disease

Unit within 4(11)	Region		Adequ	ate		Row
subtitle		0	V	М	In	Total
b) Communicable disease	hill %	1 1 . 4	26 37.1	19 27.1	24 34.3	70 50.0
	terai %		19 27.1	38 54.3	13 18.6	70 50.0
	Table %	1.7	45 32.1	57 40.7	37 26.4	140 100.0

Table 7.53
Title: Communicable disease

Unit within 4(11 subtitle	Region	0	Studied 1	Row Total
Communicable disease	hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	terai %		70 100. 0	70 50.0
	Total %	2 1.4	138 98.6	140 100.0

The communicable disease title shows that 1.4% (2) has not studied. 81.4% (114) said that the course was very relevant; 18.6% (26) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 32.1% (45) said that the course was wery adequate; 40.7(57) said that the course was moderate adequate; 26.4% (37) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.54
Title: Health post laboratory technique

Unit within 4 (11)	Region	_	Releva	nt		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	Ir	
c)Health post laboratory technique	hill %	5 7.1	40 57.1	11 15.7	14 20.0	50.0
	terai %	1 1 . 4	56 80.0	13 18.6		70 50.0
	Table %	6 4.3	96 68.6	24 17.1	14 10.0	140 100.0

Table 7.55
Title: Health post laboratory technique

Unit within 4(11) sub subtitle	Region	0	Adequa [*] V		In	Row Total
c) Health post laboratory technique	hill %	6 8.6	27 38.6	12	25 35.7	7 50.0
-	terai %	1 1.4	11 15.7	39 55.7	19 27.1	70 50.0
	Total %	7 5.0	38 27.1	51 36.4	44 31.4	140

Table 7.56
Title: Health post laboratory technique

Unit within 4(11) subtitle	Region	Sti 0	udied 1	Row Total
c) Health post	hill	5	65	70
laboratory technique	%	7.1	92.9	50.0
	Terai	1	69	70
	%	1 . 4	98.6	50.0
	Table %	6 4.3	134 95.7	140

The health post laboratory technique title shows that 4.3% (6) has not studied. 68.6%(96) said that the course was very relevant; 17.1%(24) said that the course was moderate relevant; 10.0(14) said that the course was irrelevant. 27.1%(38) said that the course was very adequate; 36.4(51) said that the course was moderate adequate; 31.4%(44) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.57
Title: Microbiology

Unit within 4(11)	Region	Region Relevant				Row
sub subtitle		0	V	M	Ir	Total
d) Microbiology	hill %	1 1.4	47 67.1	11 15.7	11 15.7	70 50.0
	terai %	1 1.4	44 62.9	25 35.7		70 50
	Table %	2 1.4	91 65.0	36 25.7	11 7.9	140 100.0

Table 7.58
Title: Microbiology

Unit within 4 (11) sub subtitle	Region	0	Adequa V	ate M	In	Row Total
d)Microbiology	hill %	2 2.9	25 35.7	18 25.7	25 35.7	70 50.0
	terai 5	1 1 . 4	18 25.7	37 52.9	.14 20.0	70
	Table	3 2.1	43 30.7	55 39.3	39 27.9	140

Table 7.59
Title: Microbiology

Unit within 4(11) subtitle	Region	Sti 0	udied 1	Row Total
d) Microbiology	hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	terai %	1 1.4	69 98.6	70 50.0
	Table %	3 2.1	137 97.9	140 100.0

The microbiology title shows that 2.1% (3) has not studied. 65.0%(91) said that the course was very relevant; 25.7%(36) said that the course was moderate relevant; 7.9(11) said that the course was irrelevant. 30.7%(43) said that the course was very adequate; 39.3(55) said that the course was moderate adequate; 27.9%(39) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.60

Title: Family planning

Unit within 5(111)	Region		Row		
subtitle		0	V	M "Ir	Total
a) Family planning	hill %	2 2.9	65 92.9	3 4.3	70 50.0
	terai %		52 74.3	18 25.7	70 50.0
	Table %	2	117 83.6	21 15.0	140

Table 7.61

Title: Family planning

Unit within 5 (111)	Region		Adequa		_	Row
subtitle		0	V	M	In	Total
d) Family planning	hill %	2 2.9	45 64.3	10	13	70 50.0
	terai %		37 52.9	24 34.3	9	70 50.0
	Total %	2 1.4	82 58.6	34 24.3	22 15.7	140 100.0

Table 7.62

Title: Family planning

Unit within 5 (111) subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1		Row Total
d) Family planning	hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total	2	138	140

The family planing title shows that 1.4% (2) has not studied. 83.6%(117) said that the course was very relevant; 15.0%(21) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 58.6%(82) said that the course was wory adequate; 24.3(34) said that the course was moderate adequate; 15.7%(22) said that the course was inadequate.

1.4 98.6

100.0



Table 7.63
Title: Maternal and child health

Unit within 5 (111)	Region	_	Rele	vant	_	Row
subtitle		0	V	М	Ir -	Total
b)Maternal And child	hill	5	62	3		70
health	%	7.1	88.6	4.3		50.0
	terai		48	22		70
	%		68.6	31.4		50.0
	Tota	1 5	110	25		140
	%	3.6	78.6	17.9		100.0

Table 7.64
Title: Maternal and child health

Unit within 5 (111)	Region	1	Adequ	iate -		Row
subtitle			0	V	M	In	Total
b) Maternal and health	child	hill %	5 7.1	32 45.7	17 24.3	16 22.9	70 50.0
	- 5	terai %		32 45.7	27 38.6	11 15.	70 50.0
		Table %	5 3.6	64 45.7	44 31.4	27 19.3	140

Table 7.65
Title: Maternal and child health

Unit within 5 (111) sub subtitle	Region	Studied 0 1		Row Total
b)Maternal and child health	hill %	5 7.1	65 92.9	70 50.0
	terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total	5	135	140

The Maternal and child health shows that 3.6% (5) has not studied. 78.6%(110) said that the course was very relevant; 17.9%(25) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 45.7%(64) said that the course was very adequate; 31.1(44) said that the course was moderate adequate; 19.3%(27) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.66
Title: Nutrition

Unit within 5 (111	Region			Row		
subtitle		0	Rele [®] V	М	Ιr	Total
c) Nutrition	Hill %	2 2.9	58 82.9	9 12.9	1 1.4	70 50.0
	Terai %		46 65.7	24 34.3		70 50.0
	Total %	2	104 74.3	33 23.6	.7	140

Table 7.67
Title: Nutrition

Unit within 5 (111)	Region			quate		Row
subtitle		0	V	М	In	total
c) Nutrition	Hill %	2 2.9	36 51.4	18 25.7	14 20.0	70 50.0
	Terai %		35 50.0	24. 34.3	11 15.7	70 50
	Table %	2 1.4	71 50.7	42 30.0	25 17.9	140 100.0

Table 7.68
Title: Nutrition

Unit within 5 (111) subtitle	Region	Stu- no	died yes	Row Total
c) Nutrition	Hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	Terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0
	Table	2	138	140

The Nutrition course shows that 1.4% (2) has not studied. 74.3%(104) said that the course was very relevant; 23.6%(33) said that the course was moderate relevant; .7%(1) said that the course was irrelevant. 50.7%(71) said that the course was very adequate; 30.0(42) said that the course was moderate adequate; 17.9%(25) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.69
Title: Environmental sanitation

Unit within 6(1v)	Region		Rele	vant		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	Ir	total
a) Environmental sanitation	Hill %	3 4.3	54 77.1	11 15.7	2 2.9	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1.4	50 71.4	19 27.1		70 50.0
	Total %	4 2.9	104 74.3	30 21.4	2	140

Table 7.70
Title: Environmental sanitation

-Unit within 6 (1v)	Region		Adequ	ate -		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	Ιn	Total
a)Environmental sanitation	Hill %	2 2.9	29 41.4	18 25.7	21 30.0	70 50.0
* ×	Terai %	2 2 . 9	40 57.1	21 30.0	7	70 50.0
	Total %	4 2.9	69 49.3	39 27.9	28 20.0	140

Table 7.71
Title: Environmental sanitation

Unit within 6 (1v) subtitle	Region	Stud:	Row Total	
a) Environmental sanitation	Hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 5
	Terai %	1 1.4	69 98.6	70 50.0
	Total %	3 2.1	137 97.9	140

The Environmental sanitation course shows that 2.1% (3) has not studied. 74.3%(104) said that the course was very relevant; 21.4%(30) said that the course was moderate relevant; 1.4%(2) said that the course was irrelevant. 49.3%(69) said that the course was very adequate; 27.9(39) said that the course was moderate adequate; 20.0%(28) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.72
Title: Community health development

Unit within 6 (1v)	Region		Releva	nt		row
subtitle	_	0	V	M	Ιŗ	Total
b)Community health development	Hill %	14 20.	39 55.7	14 20.0	3 4.3	70 50.0
- 1	Terai %	2 2.9	45 64.3	23 32.9		70 50.0
	Table %	16 11.4	84	37 26.4	3 2.1	140

Table 7.73
Title: Community health development

Unit within 6 (1v) subtitle	Region	0	Ade	quate M	In	Row
b) Community health development	Hill %	13	23 32.9	15 21.4	19 21.1	70 50.0
	Terai %	3 4.3	40 57.1	22 31.4	5 7.1	70 50.0
	Total % 1	16	63	37	24	140

Table 7.74
Title: Community heaith development

Unit within 6 (1v) subtitle	Region	Studie		Row
Subtitie		No	yes	total
b) Community health development	Hill %	14 20.0	56 80.0	70 50.0
	Terai %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	Table	16	124	140

The community health development course shows that 11.4% (16) has not studied. 60.0%(84) said that the course was very relevant; 26.4%(37) said that the course was moderate relevant; 2.1%(3) said that the course was irrelevant. 45.0%(63) said that the course was very adequate; 26.4(37) moderate adequate; 17.1%(24) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.75

Title: History taking

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	0	Relevar V	nt M	Ιr	Row Total
a) History taking	Hill %		69 98.6	1 1 . 4		70 50.0
	Terai %		55 78.6	15 21.4		70 50.0
	Total %		124 88.6	16 11.4	·	140

Table 7.76

Title: History taking

Unit within 7	Region		Adeq	uate		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	In	Total
a) History taking	Hill %		32 45.7	15 21.4	23 32.9	70 50.0
÷	Terai %		17 - 24.3	34 48.6	19 27.1	70 50.0
	Total %		49 35.0	49 35.0	42	140 100.0

Table 7.77

Title: History taking

	-T · · ·		T
Unit within 6 (1v) sub subtitle	Region	Studied no yes	Row
b) History taking	Hill %	70 100.0	70 50.0
	Terai %	70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total %	140	140

The history taking course shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 88.6%(124) said that the course was very relevant; 11.4%(16) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant; 35.0%(49) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.0%(49) said that the course was moderate adequate; 30.0%(42) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.78
Title: Physical examination

Unit within 7	Region	Relevant				Row
subtitle		0	V	M	IR	Total
b) Physical examination	Hill %		67 95.7	3 4.3		70 50.0
	Terai %		55 78.6	15 21.4		70 50.0
	Table %		122 87.1	18 12.9	<u> </u>	140

Table 7.79
Title: Physical examination

Unit within 7	Region		Adec	quate		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	In	Total
b) Physical examination	Hill %		34 48.6	8 11.4	28 40.	70 50.0
	Terai %	ē	11 15.7	38 54.3	21 30.0	70 50
	Total %		45 32.1	46 32.9	49 35.0	140

Table 7.80
Title: Physical examination

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	Region Si		Row Total	
b) Physical examination	Hill %		70 100.0	70 50.0	
	Terai %		70 100.0	70 50.0	
	Total %	1	140	140	

The physical examination course shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 87.1%(122) said that the course was very relevant; 12.9%(18) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 32.1%(45) said that the course was very adequate; 32.9(46) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.0%(49) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.81
Title: Systemic disease

Unit within 7	Region	Relevant				Row
subtitle	_	0	V	M	Ιr	Total
c) Systemic disease	Hill %		66 94.3	4 5.7		70 50.0
	Terai %		55 78.6	15 21.4		70 50.0
	Table %		121 86.4	19 13.6		140

Table 7.82 Title: Systemic disease

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	0	Adeqı V	ıate M	In	Row
c) Systemic disease	Hill %	2 2.9	31 44.3	4 5.7	33 47.1	70 50.0
÷ ()	Terai %		9	38 54.3	23 32.9	70 50.0
	Total %	2 1.4.	40 28.6	42 30.0	56 40.0	140

Table 7.83
Title: Systemic disease

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	no S	tudied yes	Row Total
c) Systemic disease	Hill %	70 100.0		70 50.0
	Terai %	(2)	70 100.0	70 50.0
	Total %		140 100.0	140

The systemic disease course shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 86.4%(121) said that the course was very relevant; 13.6%(19) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 28.6%(40) said that the course was very adequate; 30.0(42) said that the course was moderate adequate; 40.0%(56) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.84
Title: First aid

Unit within 8	Region	Region Relevant					
subtitle		0	v	M	Ιr	Total	
a) First aid	Hill %		66 94.3	4 5.7		70 50.0	
	Terai %		55 78.6	15 21.4		70 50	
	Total %		121	19 13.6		140	

Table 7.85
Title: First aid

Unit within 7		Adequat		Row		
subtitle		0	V	М	In	Total
a) First aid	Hill %		33 47.1	12 17.1	25 35.7	70 50.0
	Terai %		13 18.6	33 47.1	24 ⁻ 34.3	70 50.0
	Total %		46 32.9	45 32.1	49 35.0	140

Table 7.86

Title: First aid

Unit within 7 sub subtitle	Region	Studied no ye	s Row Total
a) First aid	Hill %	70 100	I
	Terai %	70 100	
	Total %	14	0 140 0.0 100.0

The First aid course shows that 100.0% (140) has studied. 86.4%(121) said that the course was very relevant; 13.6%(19) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 32.9%(46) said that the course was very adequate; 32.1(45) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.0%(49) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.87

Title: Emergency care

Unit within 8	Region		Rele	vant		Row
subtitle		0	V	М	Ιr	Total
b) Emergency care	Hill %	3 4.3	56 80.0	11 15.7		70 50.0
	Terai %	4 5.7	54 77.1	12		70 50.0
	Total %	7 5.0	110 78.6	23 16.4		140

Table 7.88

Title: Emergency care

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	0	Adequa V	ate M	In	Row Total
b) Emergency care	Hill %	3 4.3	25 35.7	14 20.0	28 40.0	70 50.0
	Terai %	4 5.7	12.9	36 51.4	21 30.0	70 50.0
	Total %	7 5.0	34 24.3	50 35.7	49 35.0	140 100.0

Table 7.89

Title: Emergency care

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	Studied no yes		Row Total
b) Emergency care	Hill %	4 5.7	66 94.3	70 50.0
	Terai %	4 66 5.7 94.3		70 50.0
	Total %	8 5.7	132 92.3	140 100.0

The Emergency care course shows that 5.7% (8) has not studied. 78.6%(110) said that the course was very relevant; 16.4%(23) said that the course was moderate relevant; Nobody said irrelevant. 24.3%(34) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.7(50) said that the course was moderate adequate; 35.0%(49) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.90 Title: Health post activities

Unit within 9	Region		Rele	vant		Row
subtitie		0	V	М	Ir	Total
a) Health post activities	Hill %	1 1 . 4	62 88.6	5 7.1	2 2.9	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1 . 4	60 85.7	9		70 50.0
	Total %	2 1.4	122 87.1	14 12.9	2 1.4	140

Table 7.91
Title: Health post activities

Unit within 9 subtitle	Region	0	Adeq	uate M	In	Row Total
a) Health post activities	Hill %	1 1 . 4	30 42.9	14 20.0	25 35.7	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1 . 4	43 61.4	23 32.9	3 4.3	70 50.0
	Total %	2 1.4	73 52.1	37 26.4	28	140

Table 7.92 Title: Health post activities

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	Studied no yes		Row Total
a) Health post activities	Hill %	2 2.9	68 97.1	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1.4	69 98.6	70 50.0
	Total %	3 2.1	137	140

The Health post activities course shows that 2.1% (3) has not studied. 87.1%(122) said that the course was very relevant; 12.9%(14) said that the course was moderate relevant; 1.4 (2) said that the course was irrelevant. 52.1%(73) said that the course was moderate adequate; 26.4(37) said that the course was moderate adequate; 20.0%(28) said that the course was inadequate.

Table 7.93
Title: community activities

Unit within 9	Region		Rele	vant		Row
subtitle		0	V	M	Ιr	Total
b) Communities activities	Hill %	3 4.3	53 75.7	10	4 5.7	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1 . 4	5 4 77.1	15 21.4		70 50
	Total %	4 2.9	107 76.4	25 17.9	4 2.9	140

Table 7.94
Title: community activities

Unit within 9	Region	Adequate				Row
subtitle		0	V	M	In	Total
b) Communities activities	Hill %	4 5.7	29 41.4	15 21.4	22 31.4	70 50.0
	Terai %	1 1.4	45 64.3	21 30.0	3 4.3	70 50.0
	Total %	5 3.6	74 52.9	36 25.7	25 17.8	140

Table 7.95
Title: community activities

Unit within 7 subtitle	Region	S no	tudied yes	Row Total
b) Communities	Hill	4	66	70
activities	%	5.7	94.3	50.0
	Terai %	1 1 . 4	69 98.6	70 50.0
	Total	5	135	140
	%	3.6	96.4	100.0

The Communities activities course shows that 3.6% (5) has not studied. 76.4%(107) said that the course was very relevant; 17.9%(25) said that the course was moderate relevant; 2.9 (4) said that the course was irrelevant. 52.9%(74) said that the course was moderate adequate; 25.7(36) said that the course was moderate adequate; 17.8%(25) said that the course was inadequate.

SUMMARY OF CMA COURSE CURRICULUM

The result of the CMA course curriculum data indicated that the subjects which were not related to curative performance such as (a) Health and health services in Nepal (25), (b) Socio culture aspects of health and disease(21), (c) Health post administration(13), (d) community health diagnosis(16), (e) School health(47), might not be taught to The inclosed number during their training period. indicates that the number of AHW had not studied. The above mentioned subjects were related to preventive side. In the beginning, the AHW training was given more emphasis on curative side. All the above mentioned subjects were newly introduced only after CMA program. All the subjects were relevant. Regarding adequate some subjects were not enough such as a) Anatomy and physiology(34%), b) Pharmacy(42%), c) Pharmacology (39%) d) Health post laboratory technique (31%), e)Microbiology(28%), f) History taking(30%) g) Physical examination(35%), h) Systemic disease(40%), i) First aid(35%), j) Emergency care (35%) were not adequate. So it seems that the course curriculum need to be detailed study for needful modification.