# SISAL FIBER-REINFORCED POLYBENZOXAZINE/EPOXY COMPOSITES

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#### **ABSTRACT**

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The diamine-based benzoxazine monomer was synthesized and characterized. Sisal fibers were incorporated in benzoxazine/epoxy resin which was later cured to form a unidirectional reinforced composite. The effects of varying fiber contents and resin composition on the mechanical properties of the composites were studied. Surface modifications of the sisal fiber were carried out using sodium hydroxide, glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane and aminopropyltrimethoxysilane. The surface treatments lead to changes in morphology, chemical groups and hydrophilicity of fibers. The effect of fiber surface treatment on interfacial adhesion and mechanical properties of composites was also studied.

## บทคัดย่อ

นางสาวสุชาคา ตระกูลวิเชียร : พอลิเบนซอกซาซีน/อิพอกซีคอมพอสิทที่เสริมแรง ด้วยป่านศรนารายณ์ (Sisal Fiber-Reinforced Polybenzoxazine/Epoxy Composites) อ. ที่ ปรึกษา : รศ.คร.นันทยา ยานุเมศ และ ศ.คร.ฮัทซีโอะ อิชิคะ 61 หน้า ISBN 974-9937-24-4

มอนอเมอร์ของเบนซอกซาซีนได้ถูกสังเคราะห์จากปฏิกิริยาแมนนิชของเอธิลีนไดเอมีน ฟีนอลกับฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์ จากนั้นจึงนำมาศึกษาโครงสร้างทางเคมีและคุณสมบัติทางความร้อน เส้นใยป่านศรนารายณ์ถูกนำมาใช้ร่วมกับเบนซอกซาซีน/อิพอกซีเรซินเพื่อสร้างวัสคุคอมพอสิท ซึ่งมีการเสริมแรงในทิศทางเคียว อิทธิพลของปริมาณเส้นใยและสัดส่วนของเรซินต่อคุณสมบัติ เชิงกลของคอมพอสิทได้ถูกศึกษา ป่านศรนารายณ์ได้รับการปรับปรุงพื้นผิวด้วยโซเดียมไฮครอก ไซค์ กลัยซิคอกซีโพรพิลไตรเมทอกซีไซเลนและอะมิโนโพรพิลไตรเมทอกซีไซเลน ซึ่งนำไปสู่ การเปลี่ยนแปลงของลักษณะพื้นผิว โครงสร้างทางเคมี และไฮโครฟิลิซิดี้ของเส้นใย ผลกระทบ ของการปรับปรุงพื้นผิวของเส้นใยต่อการยึคติคระหว่างเส้นใยกับเมตริกซ์และคุณสมบัติเชิงกลของ คอมพอสิทได้รับการศึกษา

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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ASTM American Standard Testing Method

 $\gamma$ -APS  $\gamma$ -Aminopropyltrimethoxysilane

ATR Attenuated Total Reflection

DSC Differential Scanning Calorimetry

FTIR Fourier Transform Infared Spectrometer

 $\gamma$ -GPS  $\gamma$ -Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

NMR Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectrometer

SEM Scanning Electron Microscope

TGA Thermogravimetric Analysis